

Package ‘chms’

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Title Accelerometer Processing Methods for Cycle 7 of the CHMS

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URL <https://github.com/statcan/chms>

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agd	<i>R6 class: agd</i>
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Description

agd is an R6 class that runs a data processing pipeline on one or more jobs that include two .agd (ActiGraph; github.com/actigraph) accelerometer files with LowFrequencyExtension and Normal filters per participant. This class makes calls to the [agd_worker](#) R6 class.

Public fields

- args A list of arguments passed into agd\$new(). See documentation for agd\$new() for details.
- log A tibble with method, timestamp, status, and message vectors providing a record of events during the pipeline run.
- jobs A tibble with vectors based on the args passed into agd\$new() representing jobs to be run that are distributed across the number of CPUs set by cpu_max in agd\$new().
- results A list of five tibbles (summary_full, summary_full_stc, summary_run, summary_sleeping_hours, summary_waking_hours) summarizing pipeline run(s).

Methods

Public methods:

- `agd$new()`
- `agd$run()`
- `agd$export()`
- `agd$print()`
- `agd$sanity_check()`
- `agd$view()`
- `agd$clone()`

Method `new()`: This method creates an instance of an `agd_worker` class.

Usage:

```
agd$new(
  id,
  age,
  agd_lfe,
  agd_nml,
  epoch_length = 60,
  day_max = 7,
  sleep_algo = "barreira",
  non_wear_algo = "barreira",
  start_date = NA,
  cpu_max = 1,
  dir = NA
)
```

Arguments:

`id` Required: a vector representing unique participant ID(s).

`age` Required: an integer vector representing participant age(s) in years.

`agd_lfe` Required: a character vector representing the full path to .agd file(s) with the LowFrequencyExtension filter.

`agd_nml` Required: a character vector representing the full path to .agd file(s) with the Normal filter.

`epoch_length` Required (default: 60): an integer vector (length-one or the same length as `id`) representing the epoch length(s) at which to process the data. Statistics Canada currently uses 15 for participants under 18 years and 60 for participants at all other ages. Note: if `sleep_algo` is set to "barreira" and `epoch_length` is set to 15, the sleep algorithm will be applied to 60-second epoch data and the results will be applied to the 15-second epoch data.

`day_max` Required (default: 7): an integer vector (length-one or the same length as `id`) representing the maximum number of days of data to load from `agd_lfe` and `agd_nml`.

`sleep_algo` Required (default: "barreira"): a character vector (length-one or the same length as `id`) representing the sleep algorithm to apply. Options currently include "barreira". See [apply_barreira_algo\(\)](#) for more details.

`non_wear_algo` Required (default: "barreira"): a character vector (length-one or the same length as `id`) representing the non-wear algorithm to apply. Options currently include

"barreira", "20-min-algo", "60-min-algo", "90-min-algo" and "choi". See [apply_barreira_algo\(\)](#) and [apply_non_wear_algo\(\)](#) for more details.

start_date Optional (default: NA): a character or date vector (format: yyyy-mm-dd) that is length-one or the same length as **id** representing the first day of data to load from **agd_lfe** and **agd_nml**. If not set, data will be loaded from the first available day until **day_max** is reached.

cpu_max Required (default: 1): a length-one integer vector representing the number of CPUs to distribute the data processing across.

dir Optional (default: NA): a length-one character vector representing the full path to the location where the results list will be exported tibble by tibble in .csv format.

Returns: Returns an object of class **agd**.

Method **run()**: This method iterates jobs and calls [run_agd_job\(\)](#).

Usage:

```
agd$run()
```

Returns: Returns the results list from an [agd_worker](#) object and binds it to **self** (an instance of **agd**).

Method **export()**: This method exports **self\$results** tibble by tibble in .csv format.

Usage:

```
agd$export(dir = self$args$dir, stc = FALSE)
```

Arguments:

dir Optional (default: **self\$args\$dir**): a length-one character vector representing the full path to the location where the results list will be exported tibble by tibble in .csv format.

stc Optional (default: FALSE): a length-one logical vector indicating whether to export only statcan-formatted results.

Returns: Returns the **agd** object (**self**) invisibly.

Method **print()**: This method renders details (arguments, issues, log) about an instance **agd** to the console.

Usage:

```
agd$print()
```

Returns: Returns the **agd** object (**self**) invisibly.

Method **sanity_check()**: This method renders a sanity check report in .html format.

Usage:

```
agd$sanity_check(
  name = "sanity-check-report",
  id = self$jobs$id,
  dir = self$args$dir,
  include_plot = FALSE
)
```

Arguments:

name Required (default: "sanity-check-report"): a length-one character vector representing the file name of the report.

id Required (default: `self$jobs$id`): a vector representing unique participant ID(s).
dir Required (default: `self$args$dir`): a length-one character vector representing the full path to the location where the report will be exported in .html format.
include_plot Optional (default: `FALSE`): a length-one logical vector representing whether to render scatterplots.

Returns: Returns an .html-formatted report.

Method `view()`: This method renders data frames from `$results` in tab.

Usage:

```
agd$view(results = c(names(self$results), "issues", "log"))
```

Arguments:

results Optional (default: `c(names(self$results), "issues", "log")`): a character vector representing the results to render to tab. Options include: `"summary_full"`, `"summary_full_stc"`, `"summary_run"`, `"summary_sleeping_hours"`, `"summary_waking_hours"`, `"issues"`, `"log"`.

Returns: Returns the agd object (`self`) invisibly.

Method `clone()`: The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

Usage:

```
agd$clone(deep = FALSE)
```

Arguments:

deep Whether to make a deep clone.

Examples

```
# Create meta data frame (external/non-statcan users)
meta <- data.frame(
  id = c("jane-canuck", "john-canuck"),
  age = c(10, 40),
  agd_lfe = c(
    system.file("extdata", "jane-canuck-lfe.agd", package = "chms"),
    system.file("extdata", "john-canuck-lfe.agd", package = "chms")
  ),
  agd_nml = c(
    system.file("extdata", "jane-canuck-nml.agd", package = "chms"),
    system.file("extdata", "john-canuck-nml.agd", package = "chms")
  ),
  start_date = c("2021-05-30", "2021-05-27"),
  epoch_length = c(15, 60)
)

# Initialize agd R6 class
agd_data <- agd$new(
  id = meta$id,
  age = meta$age,
  agd_lfe = meta$agd_lfe,
  agd_nml = meta$agd_nml,
  epoch_length = meta$epoch_length,
  day_max = 2,
```

```

    sleep_algo = "barreira",
    non_wear_algo = "barreira",
    start_date = meta$start_date,
    cpu_max = 1
  )

# Run data processing pipeline (load, clean, classify and summarize data)
agd_data$run()

```

agd_worker

R6 class: agd_worker

Description

agd_worker is an R6 class that runs a data processing pipeline on two .agd (ActiGraph; github.com/actigraph) accelerometer files with LowFrequencyExtension and Normal filters for a single participant. This class does all the heavy lifting for the [agd](#) R6 class.

Public fields

args A list of arguments passed into agd_worker\$new(). See documentation for agd_worker\$new() for details.

data A list of four tibbles created during agd_worker\$load() (settings, raw), agd_worker\$clean() (clean) and agd_worker\$classify() (classify) representing .agd data at various stages of the pipeline.

issues A list of seven length-one, dichotomous ("yes"/"no") character vectors (file_missing, files_identical, files_mismatched, non_midnight_start, no_complete_days, sleep_missing, age_out_of_range) representing flags for issues affecting pipeline results.

log A tibble with method, timestamp, status and message vectors providing a record of events during the pipeline run.

results A list of four tibbles (summary_full, summary_full_stc, summary_sleeping_hours, summary_waking_hours) summarizing the pipeline run.

Methods

Public methods:

- [agd_worker\\$new\(\)](#)
- [agd_worker\\$load\(\)](#)
- [agd_worker\\$clean\(\)](#)
- [agd_worker\\$classify\(\)](#)
- [agd_worker\\$summarize\(\)](#)
- [agd_worker\\$run\(\)](#)
- [agd_worker\\$print\(\)](#)
- [agd_worker\\$clone\(\)](#)

Method new(): This method creates an instance of an agd_worker class.

Usage:

```
agd_worker$new(
  id,
  age,
  agd_lfe,
  agd_nml,
  epoch_length = 60,
  day_max = 7,
  sleep_algo = "barreira",
  non_wear_algo = "barreira",
  start_date = NA
)
```

Arguments:

id Required: a length-one vector representing a unique participant ID.

age Required: a length-one integer vector representing a participant's age in years.

agd_lfe Required: a length-one character vector representing the full path to an .agd file with the LowFrequencyExtension filter.

agd_nml Required: a length-one character vector representing the full path to an .agd file with the Normal filter.

epoch_length Required (default: 60): a length-one integer vector representing the epoch length at which to process the data. Statistics Canada currently uses 15 for participants under 18 years and 60 for participants at all other ages. Note: if **sleep_algo** is set to "barreira" and **epoch_length** is set to 15, the sleep algorithm will be applied to 60-second epoch data and the results will be applied to the 15-second epoch data.

day_max Required (default: 7): a length-one integer vector representing the maximum number of days of data to load from **agd_lfe** and **agd_nml**.

sleep_algo Required (default: "barreira"): a length-one character vector representing the sleep algorithm to apply. Options currently include "barreira". See [apply_barreira_algo\(\)](#) for more details.

non_wear_algo Required (default: "barreira"): a length-one character vector representing the non-wear algorithm to apply. Options currently include "barreira", "20-min-algo", "60-min-algo", "90-min-algo" and "choi". See [apply_barreira_algo\(\)](#) and [apply_non_wear_algo\(\)](#) for more details.

start_date Optional (default: NA): a length-one date vector (format: yyyy-mm-dd) representing the first day of data to load from **agd_lfe** and **agd_nml**. If not set, data will be loaded from the first available day until **day_max** is reached.

Returns: Returns an object of class `agd_worker`.

Method `load()`: This method calls [load_agd_settings\(\)](#) and [load_agd_data\(\)](#).

Usage:

```
agd_worker$load()
```

Returns: Returns the `agd_worker` object (self) invisibly.

Method `clean()`: This method calls [clean_agd_data\(\)](#).

Usage:

```
agd_worker$clean()
```

Returns: Returns the agd_worker object (self) invisibly.

Method `classify()`: This method calls `classify_agd_data()`.

Usage:

```
agd_worker$classify()
```

Returns: Returns the agd_worker object (self) invisibly.

Method `summarize()`: This method calls `summarize_agd_data()`.

Usage:

```
agd_worker$summarize()
```

Returns: Returns the agd_worker object (self) invisibly.

Method `run()`: This method calls `agd_worker$load()`, `agd_worker$clean()`, `agd_worker$classify()` and `agd_worker$summarize()`.

Usage:

```
agd_worker$run()
```

Returns: Returns the agd_worker object (self) invisibly.

Method `print()`: This method renders details (arguments, issues, log) about an instance of agd_worker to the console.

Usage:

```
agd_worker$print()
```

Returns: Returns the agd_worker object (self) invisibly.

Method `clone()`: The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

Usage:

```
agd_worker$clone(deep = FALSE)
```

Arguments:

deep Whether to make a deep clone.

Examples

```
# Initialize agd_worker R6 class
agd_data <- agd_worker$new(
  id = "jane-canuck",
  age = 10,
  agd_lfe = system.file("extdata", "jane-canuck-lfe.agd", package = "chms"),
  agd_nml = system.file("extdata", "jane-canuck-nml.agd", package = "chms"),
  epoch_length = 15,
  day_max = 3,
  sleep_algo = "barreira",
  non_wear_algo = "barreira"
)

# Run data processing pipeline (load, clean, classify and summarize data)
agd_data$run()
```

apply_barreira_algo	<i>Classify an accelerometer axis vector of 60-second epochs as sleep time or awake time.</i>
---------------------	---

Description

This function uses the Barreira algorithm (pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/25202840) to classify an accelerometer axis vector of 60-second epochs as sleep time or awake time. This function was validated against output from the official SAS version of the algorithm (www.pbrc.edu/pdf/PBRCSleepEpisodeTimeMacroCode.pdf).

Usage

```
apply_barreira_algo(
  x,
  time_stamp = "dataTimestamp",
  axis1 = "axis1",
  incline_off = "inclineOff",
  incline_standing = "inclineStanding",
  incline_sitting = "inclineSitting",
  incline_lying = "inclineLying",
  age,
  return = "everything"
)
```

Arguments

x	Required: a data frame of accelerometer data in 60-second epochs.
time_stamp	Required (default "dateTimestamp"): a length-one character vector representing the name of the timestamp vector.
axis1	Required (default: "axis1"): a length-one character vector representing the name of the vertical axis.
incline_off	Required (default: "inclineOff"): a length-one character vector representing the name of the corresponding vector in an ActiGraph .agd file.
incline_standing	Required (default: "inclineStanding"): a length-one character vector representing the name of the corresponding vector in an ActiGraph .agd file.
incline_sitting	Required (default: "inclineSitting"): a length-one character vector representing the name of the corresponding vector in an ActiGraph .agd file.
incline_lying	Required (default: "inclineLying"): a length-one character vector representing the name of the corresponding vector in an ActiGraph .agd file.
age	Required: a length-one integer vector representing the participant's age in years. This parameter is used to determine when the first sleep bout can begin. Statistics Canada sets the time to 18:00 for participants under five years and younger, and 19:00 for all other ages.

return Required (default: "everything"): a character vector representing which vectors in `x` to return. If set to "everything", the data frame in `x` will be returned along with all vectors that were derived while applying the Barreira algorithm.

Value

Returns the data frame `x` along with all vectors that were derived while applying the Barreira algorithm.

Examples

```
# Initialize agd_worker R6 class
agd_data <- agd_worker$new(
  id = "jane-canuck",
  age = 10,
  agd_lfe = system.file("extdata", "jane-canuck-lfe.agd", package = "chms"),
  agd_nml = system.file("extdata", "jane-canuck-nml.agd", package = "chms"),
  epoch_length = 15,
  day_max = 3,
  sleep_algo = "barreira",
  non_wear_algo = "barreira"
)

# Load and clean data
agd_data$load()$clean()

# Apply Barreira sleep algorithm
dt <- apply_barreira_algo(
  x = agd_data$data$clean |>
    dplyr::filter(
      epoch_length == 60,
      filter == "LowFrequencyExtension"
    ),
  age = agd_data$args$age
)
```

`apply_general_bout_algo`

Classify an accelerometer axis vector of epochs based on a set of bout rules.

Description

This function uses a general algorithm to classify an accelerometer axis vector of epochs based on a set of bout rules.

Usage

```

apply_general_bout_algo(
  x,
  axis1 = "axis1",
  is_wearing = "is_wearing",
  min_bout_length = 10,
  target_values,
  max_exceptions = 2,
  return = "everything"
)

```

Arguments

x	Required: a data frame of accelerometer data.
axis1	Required: a length-one character vector representing the name of the vertical axis (default: "axis1").
is_wearing	Required: a character vector of "Yes" and "No" values representing wear time and non-wear time respectively (default: "is_wearing"). See apply_non_wear_algo() for more details.
min_bout_length	Required: a length-one numeric vector representing the minimum number of epochs in a bout (default: 10).
target_values	Required: a numeric vector representing the epoch value(s) that belong to a bout.
max_exceptions	Required: a length-one numeric vector representing the maximum number of epochs permitted within a bout that is outside the range of the values in the target_values argument (default: 2).
return	Required: a character vector representing which vectors to return (default: "everything"). If set to "everything", the data frame in the x argument will be returned along with all vectors that were derived while applying the bout algorithm.

Value

Returns the data frame in the x argument along with all vectors that were derived while applying the bout algorithm.

Examples

```

# Initialize agd_worker R6 class
agd_data <- agd_worker$new(
  id = "jane-canuck",
  age = 10,
  agd_lfe = system.file("extdata", "jane-canuck-lfe.agd", package = "chms"),
  agd_nml = system.file("extdata", "jane-canuck-nml.agd", package = "chms"),
  epoch_length = 15,
  day_max = 3,
  sleep_algo = "barreira",

```

```

    non_wear_algo = "barreira"
  )

  # Load, clean and classify data
  agd_data$load()$clean()$classify()

  # Look for 10+ minute bouts of moderate-intensity physical activity
  dt <- apply_general_bout_algo(
    x = agd_data$data$classify,
    min_bout_length = 10 * (60 / agd_data$args$movement_epoch_length),
    target_values = 574:1002,
    max_exceptions = 2 * (60 / agd_data$args$movement_epoch_length),
    return = c("dataTimestamp", "axis1", "in_bout")
  )

  # Get bout lengths
  rle(dt$in_bout)

```

apply_non_wear_algo	<i>Classify an accelerometer axis vector of epochs as wear time or non-wear time based on a set of bout rules.</i>
---------------------	--

Description

This function uses a general algorithm to classify an accelerometer axis vector of epochs as wear time or non-wear time based on a set of bout rules

Usage

```

apply_non_wear_algo(
  x,
  axis1 = "axis1",
  min_bout_length = 90,
  target_values,
  max_exceptions = 2,
  return = "everything"
)

```

Arguments

x	Required: a data frame of accelerometer data.
axis1	Required: a length-one character vector representing the name of the vertical axis (default: "axis1").
min_bout_length	Required: a length-one numeric vector representing the minimum number of epochs in a bout (default: 10).
target_values	Required: a numeric vector representing the epoch value(s) that belong to a bout.

max_exceptions	Required: a length-one numeric vector representing the maximum number of epochs permitted within a bout that outside the range of the values in the <code>target_values</code> argument (default: 2).
return	Required: a character vector representing which vectors to return (default: "everything"). If set to "everything", the data frame in the <code>x</code> argument will be returned along with all vectors that were derived while applying the bout algorithm.

Value

Returns the data frame in the `x` argument along with all vectors that were derived while applying the bout algorithm.

Examples

```
# Initialize agd_worker R6 class
agd_data <- agd_worker$new(
  id = "jane-canuck",
  age = 10,
  agd_lfe = system.file("extdata", "jane-canuck-lfe.agd", package = "chms"),
  agd_nml = system.file("extdata", "jane-canuck-nml.agd", package = "chms"),
  epoch_length = 15,
  day_max = 3,
  sleep_algo = "barreira",
  non_wear_algo = "barreira"
)

# Load and clean data
agd_data$load()$clean()

# Apply Barreira sleep algorithm
dt <- apply_barreira_algo(
  x = agd_data$data$clean |>
    dplyr::filter(
      epoch_length == 60,
      filter == "LowFrequencyExtension"
    ),
  age = agd_data$args$age
)

# Apply general non-wear algorithm
dt <- apply_non_wear_algo(
  x = dt,
  min_bout_length = 60,
  target_values = 0,
  max_exceptions = 2,
  return = c("is_wearing", "is_sleeping", "ymd_hm")
)
```

apply_sadeh_algo	<i>Classify an accelerometer axis vector of 60-second epochs as sleep time or awake time.</i>
------------------	---

Description

This function uses the Sadeh algorithm (<https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/7939118>) to classify an accelerometer axis vector of 60-second epochs as sleep time or awake time.

Usage

```
apply_sadeh_algo(
  x,
  axis1 = "axis1",
  censor_counts = FALSE,
  return = "everything"
)
```

Arguments

x	Required: a data frame of accelerometer data.
axis1	Required default ("axis1"): a length-one character vector representing the name of the vertical axis.
censor_counts	Optional (default: FALSE): a length-one logical vector representing whether to censor accelerometer counts to a maximum of 300 before applying the Sadeh algorithm.
return	Required (default: "everything"): a character vector representing which vectors to return. If set to "everything", the data frame in x will be returned along with all vectors that were derived while applying the Sadeh algorithm.

Value

Returns x along with all vectors that were derived while applying the Sadeh algorithm. Note: values in the sadeh_sleep_score vector that are greater than -4 are interpreted as sleep time (see <https://actigraphcorp.my.site.com/support/s/article/Where-can-I-find-documentation-for-the-Sadeh-and-Cole-Kripke-algorithms>).

Examples

```
# Initialize agd_worker R6 class
agd_data <- agd_worker$new(
  id = "jane-canuck",
  age = 10,
  agd_lfe = system.file("extdata", "jane-canuck-lfe.agd", package = "chms"),
  agd_nml = system.file("extdata", "jane-canuck-nml.agd", package = "chms"),
  epoch_length = 15,
  day_max = 3,
```

```

    sleep_algo = "barreira",
    non_wear_algo = "barreira"
  )

  # Load and clean data
  agd_data$load()$clean()

  # Apply Sadeh sleep algorithm
  dt <- apply_sadeh_algo(
    x = agd_data$data$clean |>
      dplyr::filter(
        epoch_length == 60,
        filter == "LowFrequencyExtension"
      )
  )

```

apply_tudor_locke_algo

Classify an accelerometer axis vector of 60-second epochs as sleep time or awake time.

Description

This function uses the Tudor-Locke algorithm (<https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/24383507>) to classify an accelerometer axis vector of 60-second epochs as sleep time or awake time. This function was validated indirectly against output from the official SAS version of the Barreira algorithm (www.pbrc.edu/pdf/PBRCSleepEpisodeTimeMacroCode.pdf).

Usage

```

apply_tudor_locke_algo(
  x,
  time_stamp = "dataTimestamp",
  axis1 = "axis1",
  incline_off = "inclineOff",
  incline_standing = "inclineStanding",
  incline_sitting = "inclineSitting",
  incline_lying = "inclineLying",
  return = "everything"
)

```

Arguments

x	Required: a data frame of accelerometer data in 60-second epochs.
time_stamp	Required (default: "dataTimestamp"): a length-one character vector representing the name of the time stamp vector.
axis1	Required (default: "axis1"): a length-one character vector representing the name of the vertical axis.

<code>incline_off</code>	Required (default: "inclineOff"): a length-one character vector representing the name of the corresponding vector in an ActiGraph .agd file.
<code>incline_standing</code>	Required (default: "inclineStanding"): a length-one character vector representing the name of the corresponding vector in an ActiGraph .agd file.
<code>incline_sitting</code>	Required (default: "inclineSitting"): a length-one character vector representing the name of the corresponding vector in an ActiGraph .agd file.
<code>incline_lying</code>	Required (default: "inclineLying"): a length-one character vector representing the name of the corresponding vector in an ActiGraph .agd file.
<code>return</code>	Required (default: "everything"): a character vector representing which vectors to return. If set to "everything", the data frame in <code>x</code> will be returned along with all vectors that were derived while applying the Tudor-Locke algorithm.

Value

Returns `x` along with all vectors that were derived while applying the Tudor-Locke algorithm.

Examples

```
# Initialize agd_worker R6 class
agd_data <- agd_worker$new(
  id = "jane-canuck",
  age = 10,
  agd_lfe = system.file("extdata", "jane-canuck-lfe.agd", package = "chms"),
  agd_nml = system.file("extdata", "jane-canuck-nml.agd", package = "chms"),
  epoch_length = 15,
  day_max = 3,
  sleep_algo = "barreira",
  non_wear_algo = "barreira"
)

# Load and clean data
agd_data$load()$clean()

# Apply Tudor-Locke sleep algorithm
dt <- apply_tudor_locke_algo(
  x = agd_data$data$clean |>
    dplyr::filter(
      epoch_length == 60,
      filter == "LowFrequencyExtension"
    )
)
```

<code>classify_agd_data</code>	<i>Classify epochs in an ActiGraph .agd file.</i>
--------------------------------	---

Description

This function classifies epochs in an ActiGraph .agd file.

Usage

```
classify_agd_data(x)
```

Arguments

x Required: an [agd_worker](#) object.

Value

Returns NULL invisibly.

Examples

```
# Initialize agd_worker R6 class
agd_data <- agd_worker$new(
  id = "jane-canuck",
  age = 10,
  agd_lfe = system.file("extdata", "jane-canuck-lfe.agd", package = "chms"),
  agd_nml = system.file("extdata", "jane-canuck-nml.agd", package = "chms"),
  epoch_length = 15,
  day_max = 3,
  sleep_algo = "barreira",
  non_wear_algo = "barreira"
)

# Load and clean data
agd_data$load()$clean()

# Classify data
classify_agd_data(agd_data)

# Store updated data
dt <- agd_data$data$classify
```

clean_agd_data

Prepare an ActiGraph .agd file for downstream classification.

Description

This function prepares an ActiGraph .agd file for downstream classification (e.g., remove incomplete days, aggregate data to 60-second epochs).

Usage

```
clean_agd_data(x)
```

Arguments

x Required: an [agd_worker](#) object.

Value

Returns a NULL invisibly.

Examples

```
# Initialize agd_worker R6 class
agd_data <- agd_worker$new(
  id = "jane-canuck",
  age = 10,
  agd_lfe = system.file("extdata", "jane-canuck-lfe.agd", package = "chms"),
  agd_nml = system.file("extdata", "jane-canuck-nml.agd", package = "chms"),
  epoch_length = 15,
  day_max = 3,
  sleep_algo = "barreira",
  non_wear_algo = "barreira"
)

# Load data
agd_data$load()

# Clean data
clean_agd_data(agd_data)

# Store updated data
dt <- agd_data$data$clean
```

get_chms_meta

Gets CHMS participant metadata.

Description

This function gets CHMS participant metadata.

Usage

```
get_chms_meta(
  clinic_file,
  agd_dir,
  clinic_id = "CLINICID",
  site = "SITE",
  age = "CLC_AGE",
  day = "V2_DAY",
  month = "V2_MTH",
  year = "V2_YEAR"
)
```

Arguments

clinic_file	Required: a length-one character vector representing the full path to the clinic file. Note: a .sas7bdat file is expected.
agd_dir	Required: a character vector representing the full path(s) to the site directory ("full/path/to/data/site").
clinic_id	Required (default: "CLINICID"): a length-one character vector representing the clinic ID vector name in clinic_file.
site	Required (default: "SITE"): a length-one character vector representing the site vector name in clinic_file.
age	Required (default: "CLC_AGE"): a length-one character vector representing the age vector name in clinic_file.
day	Required (default: "V2_DAY"): a length-one character vector representing the day vector name of the MEC visit date in clinic_file.
month	Required (default: "V2_MTH"): a length-one character vector representing the month vector name of the MEC visit date in clinic_file.
year	Required (default: "V2_YEAR"): a length-one character vector representing the year vector name of the MEC visit date in clinic_file.

Value

Returns a tibble with eight vectors (id, age, site, agd_lfe, agd_nml, mec_visit_date, start_date, epoch_length).

Examples

```
# Create participant meta (statcan users)
meta <- get_chms_meta(
  clinic_file = "path/to/clinic/file.sas7bdat",
  agd_dir = "path/to/agd/files/site",
  clinic_id = "CLINICID",
  site = "SITE",
  age = "CLC_AGE",
  day = "V2_DAY",
  month = "V2_MTH",
  year = "V2_YEAR"
)
```

load_agd_data

Load the data table from an ActiGraph .agd file.

Description

This function loads the data table from an ActiGraph .agd file.

Usage

```
load_agd_data(
  file,
  col_select = "everything",
  day_max = 7,
  start_date,
  settings
)
```

Arguments

file	Required: a length-one character vector representing the full path to an .agd file.
col_select	Required (default: "everything"): a character vector representing which vectors to load.
day_max	Required (default: 7): a length-one integer vector representing the maximum number of days of data to load from file.
start_date	Optional: a length-one date vector (format: yyyy-mm-dd) representing the first day of data to load from file. If not set, data will be loaded from the first available day until day_max is reached.
settings	Optional: a tibble from file previously returned from load_agd_settings() .

Value

Returns a tibble of the data table.

Examples

```
# Initialize agd_worker R6 class
agd_data <- agd_worker$new(
  id = "jane-canuck",
  age = 10,
  agd_lfe = system.file("extdata", "jane-canuck-lfe.agd", package = "chms"),
  agd_nml = system.file("extdata", "jane-canuck-nml.agd", package = "chms"),
  epoch_length = 15,
  day_max = 3,
  sleep_algo = "barreira",
  non_wear_algo = "barreira"
)

# Load data with low frequency extension
dt <- load_agd_data(
  file = agd_data$args$agd_lfe,
  start_date = agd_data$args$start_date
)
```

load_agd_settings	<i>Load the settings table from an ActiGraph .agd file.</i>
-------------------	---

Description

This function loads the settings table from an ActiGraph .agd file.

Usage

```
load_agd_settings(file)
```

Arguments

file	Required: a length-one character vector representing the full path to an .agd file.
------	---

Value

Returns a tibble of the settings table in a wide shape.

Examples

```
# Initialize agd_worker R6 class
agd_data <- agd_worker$new(
  id = "jane-canuck",
  age = 10,
  agd_lfe = system.file("extdata", "jane-canuck-lfe.agd", package = "chms"),
  agd_nml = system.file("extdata", "jane-canuck-nml.agd", package = "chms"),
  epoch_length = 15,
  day_max = 3,
  sleep_algo = "barreira",
  non_wear_algo = "barreira"
)

# Load ActiGraph settings
dt <- load_agd_settings(agd_data$args$agd_lfe)
```

plot.agd	<i>Plot method for the agd R6 class.</i>
----------	--

Description

This method renders scatter plots iteratively and interactively using results from an [agd](#) object.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'agd'
plot(x, ..., id)
```

Arguments

x	Required: an agd object.
...	Optional: arguments to be passed to methods. Note: currently not used.
id	Optional: a vector representing participant IDs in x for which to render scatter plots. If id is unset, scatter plots for all participants in x will be rendered iteratively.

Value

Returns ggplot2 objects invisibly.

Examples

```
# Initialize agd R6 class
agd_data <- agd$new(
  id = "jane-canuck",
  age = 10,
  agd_lfe = system.file("extdata", "jane-canuck-lfe.agd", package = "chms"),
  agd_nml = system.file("extdata", "jane-canuck-nml.agd", package = "chms"),
  epoch_length = 15,
  day_max = 2,
  sleep_algo = "barreira",
  non_wear_algo = "barreira"
)

# Run data processing pipeline (load, clean, classify and summarize data)
agd_data$run()

# Plot data
plot(agd_data)
```

plot.agd_worker

Plot method for the [agd_worker](#) R6 class.

Description

This method renders a scatter plot using results from an [agd_worker](#) object.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'agd_worker'
plot(x, ..., title_size = 11, axis_size = 9, label_size = 3)
```

Arguments

<code>x</code>	Required: an agd_worker object.
<code>...</code>	Optional: arguments to be passed to methods. Note: currently not used.
<code>title_size</code>	Required (default: 11): a length-one numeric vector representing the title font size.
<code>axis_size</code>	Required (default: 9): a length-one numeric vector representing the axis font size .
<code>label_size</code>	Required (default: 3): a length-one numeric vector representing the label font size.

Value

Returns a ggplot2 object invisibly.

Examples

```
# Initialize agd_worker R6 class
agd_data <- agd_worker$new(
  id = "jane-canuck",
  age = 10,
  agd_lfe = system.file("extdata", "jane-canuck-lfe.agd", package = "chms"),
  agd_nml = system.file("extdata", "jane-canuck-nml.agd", package = "chms"),
  epoch_length = 15,
  day_max = 2,
  sleep_algo = "barreira",
  non_wear_algo = "barreira"
)

# Run data processing pipeline (load, clean, classify and summarize data)
agd_data$run()

# Plot data
plot(agd_data)
```

run_agd_job	<i>Run a job that initiates an ActiGraph data processing pipeline for a single participant.</i>
-------------	---

Description

This function runs a job that processes ActiGraph data for a single participant by calling `agd_worker$new()$run()`. This function is used heavily by the [agd](#) R6 class.

Usage

```
run_agd_job(x)
```

Arguments

x Required: a one-row tibble from an [agd](#) object jobs data structure.

Value

Returns the results list from an [agd_worker](#) object.

Examples

```
# Create meta data frame (external/non-statcan users)
meta <- data.frame(
  id = c("jane-canuck", "john-canuck"),
  age = c(10, 40),
  agd_lfe = c(
    system.file("extdata", "jane-canuck-lfe.agd", package = "chms"),
    system.file("extdata", "john-canuck-lfe.agd", package = "chms")
  ),
  agd_nml = c(
    system.file("extdata", "jane-canuck-nml.agd", package = "chms"),
    system.file("extdata", "john-canuck-nml.agd", package = "chms")
  ),
  start_date = c("2021-05-30", "2021-05-27"),
  epoch_length = c(15, 60)
)

# Initialize agd R6 class
agd_data <- agd$new(
  id = meta$id,
  age = meta$age,
  agd_lfe = meta$agd_lfe,
  agd_nml = meta$agd_nml,
  epoch_length = meta$epoch_length,
  day_max = 3,
  sleep_algo = "barreira",
  non_wear_algo = "barreira",
  start_date = meta$start_date,
  cpu_max = 2
)

# Run data processing pipeline (load, clean, classify and summarize data)
# on first participant in agd_data
lst <- run_agd_job(agd_data$jobs[1,])
```

summarize_agd_data	<i>Summarizes an ActiGraph .agd file.</i>
--------------------	---

Description

This function summarizes an ActiGraph .agd file.

Usage

```
summarize_agd_data(x)
```

Arguments

x Required: an [agd_worker](#) object.

Value

Returns a NULL invisibly.

Examples

```
# Initialize agd_worker R6 class
agd_data <- agd_worker$new(
  id = "jane-canuck",
  age = 10,
  agd_lfe = system.file("extdata", "jane-canuck-lfe.agd", package = "chms"),
  agd_nml = system.file("extdata", "jane-canuck-nml.agd", package = "chms"),
  epoch_length = 15,
  day_max = 3,
  sleep_algo = "barreira",
  non_wear_algo = "barreira"
)

# Load, clean and classify data
agd_data$load()$clean()$classify()

# Summarize data
summarize_agd_data(agd_data)

# Store updated data
dt <- agd_data$results$summary_full
```

summary.agd

Summary method for the [agd](#) R6 class.

Description

This method renders summary tibbles for waking and sleeping hours from an [agd](#) object to the console.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'agd'
summary(object, ..., row_max = 10)
```

Arguments

object	Required: an agd_worker object.
...	Optional: additional arguments affecting the summary produced. Note: currently not used.
row_max	Required (default: 10): a length-one integer vector representing the number of rows of summary data to render to the console.

Value

Returns NULL invisibly.

Examples

```
# Create meta data frame (external/non-statcan users)
meta <- data.frame(
  id = c("jane-canuck", "john-canuck"),
  age = c(10, 40),
  agd_lfe = c(
    system.file("extdata", "jane-canuck-lfe.agd", package = "chms"),
    system.file("extdata", "john-canuck-lfe.agd", package = "chms")
  ),
  agd_nml = c(
    system.file("extdata", "jane-canuck-nml.agd", package = "chms"),
    system.file("extdata", "john-canuck-nml.agd", package = "chms")
  ),
  start_date = c("2021-05-30", "2021-05-27"),
  epoch_length = c(15, 60)
)

# Initialize agd R6 class
agd_data <- agd$new(
  id = meta$id,
  age = meta$age,
  agd_lfe = meta$agd_lfe,
  agd_nml = meta$agd_nml,
  epoch_length = meta$epoch_length,
  day_max = 2,
  sleep_algo = "barreira",
  non_wear_algo = "barreira",
  start_date = meta$start_date,
  cpu_max = 1
)

# Run data processing pipeline (load, clean, classify and summarize data)
agd_data$run()

# Summarize data
summary(agd_data)
```

summary.agd_worker	Summary method for the agd_worker R6 class.
--------------------	---

Description

This method renders summary tibbles for waking and sleeping hours from an [agd_worker](#) object to the console.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'agd_worker'  
summary(object, ...)
```

Arguments

object	Required: an agd_worker object.
...	Optional: additional arguments affecting the summary produced. Note: currently not used.

Value

Returns NULL invisibly.

Examples

```
# Initialize agd_worker R6 class  
agd_data <- agd_worker$new(  
  id = "jane-canuck",  
  age = 10,  
  agd_lfe = system.file("extdata", "jane-canuck-lfe.agd", package = "chms"),  
  agd_nml = system.file("extdata", "jane-canuck-nml.agd", package = "chms"),  
  epoch_length = 15,  
  day_max = 3,  
  sleep_algo = "barreira",  
  non_wear_algo = "barreira"  
)  
  
# Run data processing pipeline (load, clean, classify and summarize data)  
agd_data$run()  
  
# Summarize data  
summary(agd_data)
```

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