Network Working Group Request for Comments: 2668 Obsoletes: 2239 Category: Standards Track A. Smith Extreme Networks, Inc. J. Flick Hewlett-Packard Company K. de Graaf Argon Networks D. Romascanu Lucent Technologies D. McMaster Cisco Systems, Inc. K. McCloghrie Cisco Systems, Inc. S. Roberts Farallon Computing, Inc. August 1999

Definitions of Managed Objects for IEEE 802.3 Medium Attachment Units (MAUs)

Status of this Memo

This document specifies an Internet standards track protocol for the Internet community, and requests discussion and suggestions for improvements. Please refer to the current edition of the "Internet Official Protocol Standards" (STD 1) for the standardization state and status of this protocol. Distribution of this memo is unlimited.

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Abstract

This memo defines a portion of the Management Information Base (MIB) for use with network management protocols in the Internet community. This memo obsoletes RFC 2239, "Definitions of Managed Objects for IEEE 802.3 Medium Attachment Units (MAUs) using SMIv2". This memo extends that specification by including management information useful for the management of 1000 Mb/s MAUs.

Ethernet technology, as defined by the 802.3 Working Group of the IEEE, continues to evolve, with scalable increases in speed, new types of cabling and interfaces, and new features. This evolution may require changes in the managed objects in order to reflect this new functionality. This document, as with other documents issued by this working group, reflects a certain stage in the evolution of Ethernet technology. In the future, this document might be revised,

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or new documents might be issued by the Ethernet Interfaces and Hub MIB Working Group, in order to reflect the evolution of Ethernet technology.

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1. Introduction

This memo defines a portion of the Management Information Base (MIB) for use with network management protocols in the Internet community. In particular, it defines objects for managing IEEE 802.3 Medium Attachment Units (MAUs).

This memo also includes a MIB module. This MIB module extends the list of managed objects specified in the earlier version of this MIB: RFC 2239 [21].

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in [20].

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2. The SNMP Management Framework

The SNMP Management Framework presently consists of five major components:

- o An overall architecture, described in RFC 2571 [1].
- Mechanisms for describing and naming objects and events for the purpose of management. The first version of this Structure of Management Information (SMI) is called SMIv1 and described in STD 16, RFC 1155 [2], STD 16, RFC 1212 [3] and RFC 1215 [4]. The second version, called SMIv2, is described in STD 58, RFC 2578 [5], STD 58, RFC 2579 [6] and STD 58, RFC 2580 [7].
- Message protocols for transferring management information. The first version of the SNMP message protocol is called SNMPv1 and described in STD 15, RFC 1157 [8]. A second version of the SNMP message protocol, which is not an Internet standards track protocol, is called SNMPv2c and described in RFC 1901 [9] and RFC 1906 [10]. The third version of the message protocol is called SNMPv3 and described in RFC 1906 [10], RFC 2572 [11] and RFC 2574 [12].
- Protocol operations for accessing management information. The first set of protocol operations and associated PDU formats is described in STD 15, RFC 1157 [8]. A second set of protocol operations and associated PDU formats is described in RFC 1905 [13].
- A set of fundamental applications described in RFC 2573 [14] and the view-based access control mechanism described in RFC 2575 [15].

Managed objects are accessed via a virtual information store, termed the Management Information Base or MIB. Objects in the MIB are defined using the mechanisms defined in the SMI.

This memo specifies a MIB module that is compliant to the SMIv2. A MIB conforming to the SMIv1 can be produced through the appropriate translations. The resulting translated MIB must be semantically equivalent, except where objects or events are omitted because no translation is possible (use of Counter64). Some machine readable information in SMIv2 will be converted into textual descriptions in SMIv1 during the translation process. However, this loss of machine readable information is not considered to change the semantics of the MIB.

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- 3. Overview
- 3.1. Relationship to RFC 2239

This MIB is intended to be a superset of that defined by RFC 2239 [21], which will go to historic status. This MIB includes all of the objects contained in that MIB, plus several new ones which provide additional capabilities. Implementors are encouraged to support all applicable conformance groups in order to make the best use of the new functionality provided by this MIB. The new objects provide management support for:

- o management of 1000 Mb/s devices
- o management of PAUSE negotiation
- o management of remote fault status

3.2. Relationship to RFC 1515

RFC 2239 was a replacement for RFC 1515 [22], which is now historic. RFC 2239 defined a superset of RFC 1515 which contained all of the objects defined in RFC 1515, plus several new ones which provided additional capabilities. The new objects in RFC 2239 provided management support for:

- o management of 100 Mb/s devices
- o auto-negotiation on interface MAUs
- o jack management
- 3.3. MAU Management

Instances of these object types represent attributes of an IEEE 802.3 MAU. Several types of MAUs are defined in the IEEE 802.3 CSMA/CD standard [16]. These MAUs may be connected to IEEE 802.3 repeaters or to 802.3 (Ethernet-like) interfaces. For convenience this document refers to these devices as "repeater MAUs" and "interface MAUs."

The definitions presented here are based on Section 30.5, "Layer Management for 10, 100 & 1000 Mb/s Medium Attachment Units (MAUs)", and Annex 30A, "GDMO Specifications for 802.3 managed object classes" of IEEE Std. 802.3, 1998 edition [16]. That specification includes definitions for 10Mb/s, 100Mb/s and 1000Mb/s devices. This specification is intended to serve the same purpose: to provide for management of all types of Ethernet/802.3 MAUs.

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3.4. Relationship to Other MIBs

It is assumed that an agent implementing this MIB will also implement (at least) the 'system' group defined in MIB-II [18]. The following sections identify other MIBs that such an agent should implement.

3.4.1. Relationship to the Interfaces MIB.

The sections of this document that define interface MAU-related objects specify an extension to the Interfaces MIB [19]. An agent implementing these interface-MAU related objects MUST also implement the relevant groups of Interface MIB. The value of the object ifMauIfIndex is the same as the value of 'ifIndex' used to instantiate the interface to which the given MAU is connected.

It is expected that an agent implementing the interface-MAU related objects in this MIB will also implement the Ethernet-like Interfaces MIB, [23].

(Note that repeater ports are not represented as interfaces in the Interface MIB.)

3.4.2. Relationship to the 802.3 Repeater MIB

The section of this document that defines repeater MAU-related objects specifies an extension to the 802.3 Repeater MIB defined in [17]. An agent implementing these repeater-MAU related objects MUST also implement the 802.3 Repeater MIB.

The values of 'rpMauGroupIndex' and 'rpMauPortIndex' used to instantiate a repeater MAU variable SHALL be the same as the values of 'rptrPortGroupIndex' and 'rptrPortIndex' used to instantiate the port to which the given MAU is connected.

3.5. Management of Internal MAUs

In some situations, a MAU can be "internal" -- i.e., its functionality is implemented entirely within a device. For example, a managed repeater may contain an internal repeater-MAU and/or an internal interface-MAU through which management communications originating on one of the repeater's external ports pass in order to reach the management agent associated with the repeater. Such internal MAUs may or may not be managed. If they are managed, objects describing their attributes should appear in the appropriate MIB subtree: dot3RpMauBasicGroup for internal repeater-MAUs and dot3IfMauBasicGroup for internal interface-MAUs.

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4. Definitions
  MAU-MIB DEFINITIONS ::= BEGIN
       IMPORTS
           Counter32, Integer32,
           OBJECT-TYPE, MODULE-IDENTITY, NOTIFICATION-TYPE,
           OBJECT-IDENTITY, mib-2
               FROM SNMPv2-SMI
           TruthValue, TEXTUAL-CONVENTION
              FROM SNMPv2-TC
           OBJECT-GROUP, MODULE-COMPLIANCE, NOTIFICATION-GROUP
              FROM SNMPv2-CONF;
       mauMod MODULE-IDENTITY
           LAST-UPDATED "9908240400Z" -- August 24, 1999
           ORGANIZATION "IETF Ethernet Interfaces and Hub MIB
                      Working Group"
           CONTACT-INFO
              "WG E-mail: hubmib@hprnd.rose.hp.com
             To subscribe: hubmib-request@hprnd.rose.hp.com
                   Chair: Dan Romascanu
                   Postal: Lucent Technologies
                           Atidim Technology Park, Bldg. 3
                           Tel Aviv 61131
                           Israel
                      Tel: +972 3 645 8414, 6458458
                      Fax: +972 3 648 7146
                   E-mail: dromasca@lucent.com
                  Editors: Andrew Smith
                   Postal: Extreme Networks, Inc.
                           10460 Bandley Drive
                           Cupertino, CA 95014
                          USA
                      Tel: +1 408 579-2821
                   E-mail: andrew@extremenetworks.com
                          John Flick
                  Postal: Hewlett-Packard Company
                           8000 Foothills Blvd. M/S 5557
                          Roseville, CA 95747-5557
                         USA
                     Tel: +1 916 785 4018
                     Fax: +1 916 785 1199
                  E-mail: johnf@rose.hp.com
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Kathryn de Graaf Postal: Argon Networks 25 Porter Road Littleton, MA 01460 USA Tel: +1 978 486 0665 x163 Fax: +1 978 486 9379 E-mail: kdegraaf@argon.com" DESCRIPTION "Management information for 802.3 MAUs. The following reference is used throughout this MIB module: [IEEE 802.3 Std] refers to IEEE Std 802.3, 1998 Edition: 'Information technology - Telecommunications and information exchange between systems -Local and metropolitan area networks -Specific requirements - Part 3: Carrier sense multiple access with collision detection (CSMA/CD) access method and physical layer specifications', September 1998. Of particular interest is Clause 30, '10Mb/s, 100Mb/s and 1000Mb/s Management'." "9908240400Z" -- August 24, 1999 REVISION DESCRIPTION "This version published as RFC 2668. Updated to include support for 1000 Mb/sec MAUs and flow control negotiation." REVISION "9710310000Z" -- October 31, 1997 DESCRIPTION "This version published as RFC 2239." "9309300000Z" -- September 30, 1993 REVISION DESCRIPTION "Initial version, published as RFC 1515." ::= { snmpDot3MauMgt 6 } snmpDot3MauMgt OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { mib-2 26 } -- textual conventions JackType ::= TEXTUAL-CONVENTION STATUS current

802.3 MAU MIB

DESCRIPTION "Common enumeration values for repeater and interface MAU jack types."

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SYNTAX INTEGER { other(1), rj45(2), rj45S(3), -- rj45 shielded db9(4), bnc(5), fAUI(6), -- female aui mAUI(7), -- male aui fiberSC(8), fiberMIC(9), fiberST(10), telco(11), mtrj(12), -- fiber MT-RJ hssdc(13) -- fiber channel style-2 } dot3RpMauBasicGroup OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { snmpDot3MauMgt 1 } dot3IfMauBasicGroup OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { snmpDot3MauMgt 2 } dot3BroadMauBasicGroup OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { snmpDot3MauMgt 3 } dot3IfMauAutoNegGroup OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { snmpDot3MauMgt 5 } -- object identities for MAU types -- (see rpMauType and ifMauType for usage) dot3MauType OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { snmpDot3MauMgt 4 } dot3MauTypeAUI OBJECT-IDENTITY STATUS current DESCRIPTION "no internal MAU, view from AUI" ::= { dot3MauType 1 } dot3MauType10Base5 OBJECT-IDENTITY STATUS current DESCRIPTION "thick coax MAU (per 802.3 section 8)" ::= { dot3MauType 2 } dot3MauTypeFoirl OBJECT-IDENTITY STATUS current DESCRIPTION "FOIRL MAU (per 802.3 section 9.9)" ::= { dot3MauType 3 } dot3MauType10Base2 OBJECT-IDENTITY STATUS current

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802.3 MAU MIB

DESCRIPTION "thin coax MAU (per 802.3 section 10)" ::= { dot3MauType 4 } dot3MauType10BaseT OBJECT-IDENTITY STATUS current DESCRIPTION "UTP MAU (per 802.3 section 14). Note that it is strongly recommended that agents return either dot3MauType10BaseTHD or dot3MauType10BaseTFD if the duplex mode is known. However, management applications should be prepared to receive this MAU type value from older agent implementations." ::= { dot3MauType 5 } dot3MauType10BaseFP OBJECT-IDENTITY STATUS current DESCRIPTION "passive fiber MAU (per 802.3 section 16)" ::= { dot3MauType 6 } dot3MauType10BaseFB OBJECT-IDENTITY current STATUS DESCRIPTION "sync fiber MAU (per 802.3 section 17)" ::= { dot3MauType 7 } dot3MauType10BaseFL OBJECT-IDENTITY STATUS current DESCRIPTION "async fiber MAU (per 802.3 section 18) Note that it is strongly recommended that agents return either dot3MauType10BaseFLHD or dot3MauType10BaseFLFD if the duplex mode is known. However, management applications should be prepared to receive this MAU type value from older agent implementations." ::= { dot3MauType 8 } dot3MauType10Broad36 OBJECT-IDENTITY STATUS current DESCRIPTION "broadband DTE MAU (per 802.3 section 11). Note that 10BROAD36 MAUs can be attached to interfaces but not to repeaters." ::= { dot3MauType 9 } ----- new since RFC 1515: dot3MauType10BaseTHD OBJECT-IDENTITY STATUS current DESCRIPTION "UTP MAU (per 802.3 section 14), half duplex mode" ::= { dot3MauType 10 }

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dot3MauType10BaseTFD OBJECT-IDENTITY STATUS current DESCRIPTION "UTP MAU (per 802.3 section 14), full duplex mode" ::= { dot3MauType 11 } dot3MauType10BaseFLHD OBJECT-IDENTITY STATUS current DESCRIPTION "async fiber MAU (per 802.3 section 18), half duplex mode" ::= { dot3MauType 12 } dot3MauType10BaseFLFD OBJECT-IDENTITY STATUS current DESCRIPTION "async fiber MAU (per 802.3 section 18), full duplex mode" ::= { dot3MauType 13 } dot3MauType100BaseT4 OBJECT-IDENTITY STATUS current DESCRIPTION "4 pair categ. 3 UTP (per 802.3 section 23)" ::= { dot3MauType 14 } dot3MauType100BaseTXHD OBJECT-IDENTITY STATUS current DESCRIPTION "2 pair categ. 5 UTP (per 802.3 section 25), half duplex mode" ::= { dot3MauType 15 } dot3MauType100BaseTXFD OBJECT-IDENTITY STATUS current DESCRIPTION "2 pair categ. 5 UTP (per 802.3 section 25), full duplex mode" ::= { dot3MauType 16 } dot3MauType100BaseFXHD OBJECT-IDENTITY STATUS current DESCRIPTION "X fiber over PMT (per 802.3 section 26), half duplex mode" ::= { dot3MauType 17 } dot3MauType100BaseFXFD OBJECT-IDENTITY current STATUS DESCRIPTION "X fiber over PMT (per 802.3 section 26), full duplex mode" ::= { dot3MauType 18 } dot3MauType100BaseT2HD OBJECT-IDENTITY STATUS current

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802.3 MAU MIB

DESCRIPTION "2 pair categ. 3 UTP (per 802.3 section 32), half duplex mode" ::= { dot3MauType 19 } dot3MauType100BaseT2FD OBJECT-IDENTITY current STATUS DESCRIPTION "2 pair categ. 3 UTP (per 802.3 section 32), full duplex mode" ::= { dot3MauType 20 } ----- new since RFC 2239: dot3MauType1000BaseXHD OBJECT-IDENTITY STATUS current DESCRIPTION "PCS/PMA (per 802.3 section 36), unknown PMD, half duplex mode" ::= { dot3MauType 21 } dot3MauType1000BaseXFD OBJECT-IDENTITY STATUS current DESCRIPTION "PCS/PMA (per 802.3 section 36), unknown PMD, full duplex mode" ::= { dot3MauType 22 } dot3MauType1000BaseLXHD OBJECT-IDENTITY STATUS current DESCRIPTION "Fiber over long-wavelength laser (per 802.3 section 38), half duplex mode" ::= { dot3MauType 23 } dot3MauType1000BaseLXFD OBJECT-IDENTITY STATUS current DESCRIPTION "Fiber over long-wavelength laser (per 802.3 section 38), full duplex mode" ::= { dot3MauType 24 } dot3MauType1000BaseSXHD OBJECT-IDENTITY STATUS current DESCRIPTION "Fiber over short-wavelength laser (per 802.3 section 38), half duplex mode" ::= { dot3MauType 25 } dot3MauType1000BaseSXFD OBJECT-IDENTITY STATUS current DESCRIPTION "Fiber over short-wavelength laser (per 802.3 section 38), full duplex mode" ::= { dot3MauType 26 }

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```
dot3MauType1000BaseCXHD OBJECT-IDENTITY
   STATUS
              current
   DESCRIPTION "Copper over 150-Ohm balanced cable (per 802.3
               section 39), half duplex mode"
    ::= { dot3MauType 27 }
dot3MauType1000BaseCXFD OBJECT-IDENTITY
   STATUS
              current
   DESCRIPTION "Copper over 150-Ohm balanced cable (per 802.3
               section 39), full duplex mode"
    ::= { dot3MauType 28 }
dot3MauType1000BaseTHD OBJECT-IDENTITY
   STATUS
               current
   DESCRIPTION "Four-pair Category 5 UTP (per 802.3 section
               40), half duplex mode"
    ::= { dot3MauType 29 }
dot3MauType1000BaseTFD OBJECT-IDENTITY
   STATUS
               current
   DESCRIPTION "Four-pair Category 5 UTP (per 802.3 section
               40), full duplex mode"
    ::= { dot3MauType 30 }
- -
-- The Basic Repeater MAU Table
rpMauTable OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF RpMauEntry
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION "Table of descriptive and status information
               about the MAU(s) attached to the ports of a
               repeater."
    ::= { dot3RpMauBasicGroup 1 }
rpMauEntry OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX
           RpMauEntry
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS
               current
   DESCRIPTION "An entry in the table, containing information
               about a single MAU."
               { rpMauGroupIndex,
   INDEX
                 rpMauPortIndex,
                 rpMauIndex
               }
    ::= { rpMauTable 1 }
```

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RpMauEntry ::= SEQUENCE { rpMauGroupIndex Integer32, rpMauPortIndex Integer32, rpMauIndex Integer32, rpMauType OBJECT IDENTIFIER, rpMauStatus INTEGER, rpMauMediaAvailable INTEGER, Counter32, rpMauMediaAvailableStateExits rpMauJabberState INTEGER, rpMauJabberingStateEnters Counter32, Counter32 rpMauFalseCarriers } rpMauGroupIndex OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Integer32 (1..2147483647) MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "This variable uniquely identifies the group containing the port to which the MAU described by this entry is connected. Note: In practice, a group will generally be a field-replaceable unit (i.e., module, card, or board) that can fit in the physical system enclosure, and the group number will correspond to a number marked on the physical enclosure. The group denoted by a particular value of this object is the same as the group denoted by the same value of rptrGroupIndex." REFERENCE "Reference RFC 2108, rptrGroupIndex." ::= { rpMauEntry 1 } rpMauPortIndex OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Integer32 (1..2147483647) MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "This variable uniquely identifies the repeater port within group rpMauGroupIndex to which the MAU described by this entry is connected." REFERENCE "Reference RFC 2108, rptrPortIndex." ::= { rpMauEntry 2 } rpMauIndex OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Integer32 (1..2147483647) MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current

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DESCRIPTION "This variable uniquely identifies the MAU described by this entry from among other MAUs connected to the same port (rpMauPortIndex)." "[IEEE 802.3 Std], 30.5.1.1.1, aMAUID." REFERENCE ::= { rpMauEntry 3 } rpMauType OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX OBJECT IDENTIFIER MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "This object identifies the MAU type. An initial set of MAU types are defined above. The assignment of OBJECT IDENTIFIERs to new types of MAUs is managed by the IANA. If the MAU type is unknown, the object identifier unknownMauType OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { 0 0 } is returned. Note that unknownMauType is a syntactically valid object identifier, and any conformant implementation of ASN.1 and the BER must be able to generate and recognize this value." REFERENCE "[IEEE 802.3 Std], 30.5.1.1.2, aMAUType." ::= { rpMauEntry 4 } rpMauStatus OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX INTEGER { other(1), unknown(2), operational(3), standby(4), shutdown(5), reset(6) } MAX-ACCESS read-write STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The current state of the MAU. This object MAY be implemented as a read-only object by those agents and MAUs that do not implement software control of the MAU state. Some agents may not support setting the value of this object to some of the enumerated values. The value other(1) is returned if the MAU is in a state other than one of the states 2 through б.

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The value unknown(2) is returned when the MAU's true state is unknown; for example, when it is being initialized.

A MAU in the operational(3) state is fully functional, operates, and passes signals to its attached DTE or repeater port in accordance to its specification.

A MAU in standby(4) state forces DI and CI to idle and the media transmitter to idle or fault, if supported. Standby(4) mode only applies to link type MAUs. The state of rpMauMediaAvailable is unaffected.

A MAU in shutdown(5) state assumes the same condition on DI, CI, and the media transmitter as though it were powered down or not connected. The MAU MAY return other(1) value for the rpMauJabberState and rpMauMediaAvailable objects when it is in this state. For an AUI, this state will remove power from the AUI.

Setting this variable to the value reset(6) resets the MAU in the same manner as a power-off, power-on cycle of at least one-half second would. The agent is not required to return the value reset (6).

Setting this variable to the value operational(3), standby(4), or shutdown(5) causes the MAU to assume the respective state except that setting a mixing-type MAU or an AUI to standby(4) will cause the MAU to enter the shutdown state."

REFERENCE

"[IEEE 802.3 Std], 30.5.1.1.7, aMAUAdminState, 30.5.1.2.2, acMAUAdminControl, and 30.5.1.2.1, acResetMAU."

```
::= { rpMauEntry 5 }
```

rpMauMediaAvailable OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX INTEGER { other(1), unknown(2), available(3), notAvailable(4),

remoteFault(5), invalidSignal(6),

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remoteJabber(7), remoteLinkLoss(8), remoteTest(9), offline(10), autoNegError(11) } MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "If the MAU is a link or fiber type (FOIRL, 10BASE-T, 10BASE-F) then this is equivalent to the link test fail state/low light function. For an AUI or a coax (including broadband) MAU this indicates whether or not loopback is detected on the DI circuit. The value of this attribute persists between packets for MAU types AUI, 10BASE5, 10BASE2, 10BROAD36, and 10BASE-FP. The value other(1) is returned if the mediaAvailable state is not one of 2 through 11. The value unknown(2) is returned when the MAU's true state is unknown; for example, when it is being initialized. At power-up or following a reset, the value of this attribute will be unknown for AUI, coax, and 10BASE-FP MAUs. For these MAUs loopback will be tested on each transmission during which no collision is detected. If DI is receiving input when DO returns to IDL after a transmission and there has been no collision during the transmission then loopback will be detected. The value of this attribute will only change during non-collided transmissions for AUI, coax, and 10BASE-FP MAUs. For 100Mbps and 1000Mbps MAUs, the enumerations match the states within the respective link integrity state diagrams, fig 32-16, 23-12 and 24-15 of sections 32, 23 and 24 of [16]. Any MAU which implements management of auto-negotiation will map remote fault indication to remote fault. The value available(3) indicates that the link, light, or loopback is normal. The value notAvailable(4) indicates link loss, low light, or no loopback. Smith, et al. Standards Track [Page 16] The value remoteFault(5) indicates that a fault has been detected at the remote end of the link. This value applies to 10BASE-FB, 100BASE-T4 Far End Fault Indication and non-specified remote faults from a system running auto-negotiation. The values remoteJabber(7), remoteLinkLoss(8), and remoteTest(9) SHOULD be used instead of remoteFault(5) where the reason for remote fault is identified in the remote signaling protocol.

The value invalidSignal(6) indicates that an invalid signal has been received from the other end of the link. InvalidSignal(6) applies only to MAUs of type 10BASE-FB.

Where an IEEE Std 802.3u-1995 clause 22 MII is present, a logic one in the remote fault bit (reference section 22.2.4.2.8 of that document) maps to the value remoteFault(5), and a logic zero in the link status bit (reference section 22.2.4.2.10 of that document) maps to the value notAvailable(4). The value notAvailable(4) takes precedence over the value remoteFault(5).

Any MAU that implements management of clause 37 Auto-Negotiation will map the received Remote Fault (RF1 and RF2) bit values for Offline to offline(10), Link Failure to remoteFault(5) and Auto-Negotiation Error to autoNegError(11)."

REFERENCE "[IEEE 802.3 Std], 30.5.1.1.4, aMediaAvailable."
::= { rpMauEntry 6 }

rpMauMediaAvailableStateExits OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Counter32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "A count of the number of times that rpMauMediaAvailable for this MAU instance leaves the state available(3). Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of rptrMonitorPortLastChange." REFERENCE "[IEEE 802.3 Std], 30.5.1.1.5, aLoseMediaCounter. RFC 2108, rptrMonitorPortLastChange"

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::= { rpMauEntry 7 } rpMauJabberState OBJECT-TYPE INTEGER { SYNTAX other(1), unknown(2), noJabber(3), jabbering(4) } MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The value other(1) is returned if the jabber state is not 2, 3, or 4. The agent MUST always return other(1) for MAU type dot3MauTypeAUI. The value unknown(2) is returned when the MAU's true state is unknown; for example, when it is being initialized. If the MAU is not jabbering the agent returns noJabber(3). This is the 'normal' state. If the MAU is in jabber state the agent returns the jabbering(4) value." REFERENCE "[IEEE 802.3 Std], 30.5.1.1.6, aJabber.jabberFlag." ::= { rpMauEntry 8 } rpMauJabberingStateEnters OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Counter32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "A count of the number of times that mauJabberState for this MAU instance enters the state jabbering(4). For MAUs of type dot3MauTypeAUI, dot3MauType100BaseT4, dot3MauType100BaseTX, dot3MauType100BaseFX and all 1000Mbps types, this counter will always indicate zero. Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of rptrMonitorPortLastChange." REFERENCE "[IEEE 802.3 Std], 30.5.1.1.6, aJabber.jabberCounter. RFC 2108, rptrMonitorPortLastChange"

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::= { rpMauEntry 9 } rpMauFalseCarriers OBJECT-TYPE Counter32 SYNTAX MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "A count of the number of false carrier events during IDLE in 100BASE-X links. This counter does not increment at the symbol rate. It can increment after a valid carrier completion at a maximum rate of once per 100 ms until the next carrier event. This counter increments only for MAUs of type dot3MauType100BaseT4, dot3MauType100BaseTX, and dot3MauType100BaseFX and all 1000Mbps types. For all other MAU types, this counter will always indicate zero. The approximate minimum time for rollover of this counter is 7.4 hours. Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of rptrMonitorPortLastChange." "[IEEE 802.3 Std], 30.5.1.1.10, aFalseCarriers. REFERENCE RFC 2108, rptrMonitorPortLastChange" ::= { rpMauEntry 10 } -- The rpJackTable applies to MAUs attached to repeaters -- which have one or more external jacks (connectors). rpJackTable OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF RpJackEntry MAX-ACCESS not-accessible STATUS current DESCRIPTION "Information about the external jacks attached to MAUs attached to the ports of a repeater." ::= { dot3RpMauBasicGroup 2 } rpJackEntry OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX RpJackEntry MAX-ACCESS not-accessible STATUS current DESCRIPTION "An entry in the table, containing information about a particular jack." INDEX { rpMauGroupIndex,

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```
rpMauPortIndex,
                      rpMauIndex,
                      rpJackIndex
         ::= { rpJackTable 1 }
     RpJackEntry ::=
         SEQUENCE {
            rpJackIndex
                                               Integer32,
             rpJackType
                                               JackType
         }
     rpJackIndex OBJECT-TYPE
         SYNTAX Integer32 (1..2147483647)
         MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
         STATUS
                    current
         DESCRIPTION "This variable uniquely identifies the jack
                    described by this entry from among other jacks
                    attached to the same MAU (rpMauIndex)."
         ::= { rpJackEntry 1 }
     rpJackType OBJECT-TYPE
         SYNTAX JackType
         MAX-ACCESS read-only
         STATUS current
         DESCRIPTION "The jack connector type, as it appears on the
                    outside of the system."
         ::= { rpJackEntry 2 }
     _ _
     -- The Basic Interface MAU Table
     _ _
     ifMauTable OBJECT-TYPE
         SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF IfMauEntry
         MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
         STATUS
                    current
         DESCRIPTION "Table of descriptive and status information
                    about MAU(s) attached to an interface."
         ::= { dot3IfMauBasicGroup 1 }
     ifMauEntry OBJECT-TYPE
         SYNTAX If MauEntry
         MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
         STATUS current
         DESCRIPTION "An entry in the table, containing information
                   about a single MAU."
         INDEX { ifMauIfIndex,
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```

ifMauIndex } ::= { ifMauTable 1 } IfMauEntry ::= SEQUENCE { ifMauIfIndex Integer32, ifMauIndex Integer32, ifMauType OBJECT IDENTIFIER, ifMauStatus INTEGER, ifMauMediaAvailable INTEGER, ifMauMediaAvailableStateExits Counter32, INTEGER, ifMauJabberState ifMauJabberistateinfleder,ifMauJabberingStateEntersCounter32,ifMauFalseCarriersCounter32,ifMauTypeListInteger32,ifMauDefaultTypeOBJECT IDENTIFIER,ifMauAutoNegSupportedTruthValue,ifMauTypeListBitsBITS BITS ifMauTypeListBits } ifMaulfIndex OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Integer32 (1..2147483647) MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "This variable uniquely identifies the interface to which the MAU described by this entry is connected." REFERENCE "RFC 1213, ifIndex" ::= { ifMauEntry 1 } ifMauIndex OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Integer32 (1..2147483647) MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "This variable uniquely identifies the MAU described by this entry from among other MAUs connected to the same interface (ifMauIfIndex)." REFERENCE "[IEEE 802.3 Std], 30.5.1.1.1, aMAUID." ::= { ifMauEntry 2 } ifMauType OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX OBJECT IDENTIFIER MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "This object identifies the MAU type. An initial set of MAU types are defined above. The assignment of OBJECT IDENTIFIERs to new types of

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MAUs is managed by the IANA. If the MAU type is unknown, the object identifier unknownMauType OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { 0 0 } is returned. Note that unknownMauType is a syntactically valid object identifier, and any conformant implementation of ASN.1 and the BER must be able to generate and recognize this value. This object represents the operational type of the MAU, as determined by either (1) the result of the auto-negotiation function or (2) if auto-negotiation is not enabled or is not implemented for this MAU, by the value of the object if MauDefault Type. In case (2), a set to the object if MauDefault Type will force the MAU into the new operating mode." "[IEEE 802.3 Std], 30.5.1.1.2, aMAUType." REFERENCE ::= { ifMauEntry 3 } ifMauStatus OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX INTEGER { other(1), unknown(2), operational(3), standby(4), shutdown(5), reset(6) } MAX-ACCESS read-write STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The current state of the MAU. This object MAY be implemented as a read-only object by those agents and MAUs that do not implement software control of the MAU state. Some agents may not support setting the value of this object to some of the enumerated values. The value other(1) is returned if the MAU is in a state other than one of the states 2 through 6. The value unknown(2) is returned when the MAU's true state is unknown; for example, when it is being initialized.

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A MAU in the operational(3) state is fully functional, operates, and passes signals to its attached DTE or repeater port in accordance to its specification.

A MAU in standby(4) state forces DI and CI to idle and the media transmitter to idle or fault, if supported. Standby(4) mode only applies to link type MAUs. The state of ifMauMediaAvailable is unaffected.

A MAU in shutdown(5) state assumes the same condition on DI, CI, and the media transmitter as though it were powered down or not connected. The MAU MAY return other(1) value for the ifMauJabberState and ifMauMediaAvailable objects when it is in this state. For an AUI, this state will remove power from the AUI.

Setting this variable to the value reset(6) resets the MAU in the same manner as a power-off, power-on cycle of at least one-half second would. The agent is not required to return the value reset (6).

Setting this variable to the value operational(3), standby(4), or shutdown(5) causes the MAU to assume the respective state except that setting a mixing-type MAU or an AUI to standby(4) will cause the MAU to enter the shutdown state." REFERENCE "[IEEE 802.3 Std], 30.5.1.1.7, aMAUAdminState, 30.5.1.2.2, acMAUAdminControl, and 30.5.1.2.1, acResetMAU." ::= { ifMauEntry 4 } ifMauMediaAvailable OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX INTEGER { other(1), unknown(2), available(3), notAvailable(4), remoteFault(5), invalidSignal(6), remoteJabber(7), remoteLinkLoss(8), remoteTest(9), offline(10), autoNegError(11)

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} MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "If the MAU is a link or fiber type (FOIRL, 10BASE-T, 10BASE-F) then this is equivalent to the link test fail state/low light function. For an AUI or a coax (including broadband) MAU this indicates whether or not loopback is detected on the DI circuit. The value of this attribute persists between packets for MAU types AUI, 10BASE5, 10BASE2, 10BROAD36, and 10BASE-FP. The value other(1) is returned if the mediaAvailable state is not one of 2 through 11. The value unknown(2) is returned when the MAU's true state is unknown; for example, when it is being initialized. At power-up or following a reset, the value of this attribute will be unknown for AUI, coax, and 10BASE-FP MAUS. For these MAUs loopback will be tested on each transmission during which no collision is detected. If DI is receiving input when DO returns to IDL after a transmission and there has been no collision during the transmission then loopback will be detected. The value of this attribute will only change during non-collided transmissions for AUI, coax, and 10BASE-FP MAUs. For 100Mbps and 1000Mbps MAUs, the enumerations match the states within the respective link integrity state diagrams, fig 32-16, 23-12 and 24-15 of sections 32, 23 and 24 of [16]. Any MAU which implements management of auto-negotiation will map remote fault indication to remote fault. The value available(3) indicates that the link, light, or loopback is normal. The value notAvailable(4) indicates link loss, low light, or no loopback. The value remoteFault(5) indicates that a fault has been detected at the remote end of the link. This value applies to 10BASE-FB, 100BASE-T4 Far End Fault Indication and non-specified remote

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faults from a system running auto-negotiation.

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The values remoteJabber(7), remoteLinkLoss(8), and remoteTest(9) SHOULD be used instead of remoteFault(5) where the reason for remote fault is identified in the remote signaling protocol.

The value invalidSignal(6) indicates that an invalid signal has been received from the other end of the link. InvalidSignal(6) applies only to MAUs of type 10BASE-FB.

Where an IEEE Std 802.3u-1995 clause 22 MII is present, a logic one in the remote fault bit (reference section 22.2.4.2.8 of that document) maps to the value remoteFault(5), and a logic zero in the link status bit (reference section 22.2.4.2.10 of that document) maps to the value notAvailable(4). The value notAvailable(4) takes precedence over the value remoteFault(5).

Any MAU that implements management of clause 37 Auto-Negotiation will map the received RF1 and RF2 bit values for Offline to offline(10), Link Failure to remoteFault(5) and Auto-Negotiation Error to autoNegError(11)."

REFERENCE "[IEEE 802.3 Std], 30.5.1.1.4, aMediaAvailable."
::= { ifMauEntry 5 }

ifMauMediaAvailableStateExits OBJECT-TYPE

ifMauJabberState OBJECT-TYPE
 SYNTAX INTEGER {
 other(1),
 unknown(2),
 noJabber(3),

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jabbering(4) } MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The value other(1) is returned if the jabber state is not 2, 3, or 4. The agent MUST always return other(1) for MAU type dot3MauTypeAUI. The value unknown(2) is returned when the MAU's true state is unknown; for example, when it is being initialized. If the MAU is not jabbering the agent returns noJabber(3). This is the 'normal' state. If the MAU is in jabber state the agent returns the jabbering(4) value." "[IEEE 802.3 Std], 30.5.1.1.6, REFERENCE aJabber.jabberFlag." ::= { ifMauEntry 7 } ifMauJabberingStateEnters OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Counter32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "A count of the number of times that mauJabberState for this MAU instance enters the state jabbering(4). This counter will always indicate zero for MAUs of type dot1MauTypeAUI and those of speeds above 10Mbps. Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of ifCounterDiscontinuityTime." "[IEEE 802.3 Std], 30.5.1.1.6, REFERENCE aJabber.jabberCounter. RFC 2233, ifCounterDiscontinuityTime." ::= { ifMauEntry 8 } ifMauFalseCarriers OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Counter32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "A count of the number of false carrier events during IDLE in 100BASE-X and 1000BASE-X links. For all other MAU types, this counter will Smith, et al. Standards Track [Page 26] always indicate zero. This counter does not increment at the symbol rate.

It can increment after a valid carrier completion at a maximum rate of once per 100 ms for 100BASE-X and once per 10us for 1000BASE-X until the next CarrierEvent.

Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of ifCounterDiscontinuityTime." TE "[IEEE 802.3 Std], 30.5.1.1.10, aFalseCarriers.

REFERENCE

RFC 2233, ifCounterDiscontinuityTime."

::= { ifMauEntry 9 }

> A value that uniquely identifies the set of possible IEEE 802.3 types that the MAU could be. The value is a sum which initially takes the value zero. Then, for each type capability of this MAU, 2 raised to the power noted below is added to the sum. For example, a MAU which has the capability to be only 10BASE-T would have a value of 512 (2**9). In contrast, a MAU which supports both 10Base-T (full duplex) and 100BASE-TX (full duplex) would have a value of ((2**11) + (2**16)) or 67584.

> The powers of 2 assigned to the capabilities are these:

Power Capability 0 other or unknown 1 AUI 10BASE-5 2 3 FOIRL 4 10BASE-2 5 10BASE-T duplex mode unknown 6 10BASE-FP 7 10BASE-FB 8 10BASE-FL duplex mode unknown 9 10BROAD36

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10BASE-T half duplex mode 10 10BASE-T full duplex mode 11 12 10BASE-FL half duplex mode 13 10BASE-FL full duplex mode 14 100BASE-T4 15 100BASE-TX half duplex mode 100BASE-TX full duplex mode 16 17 100BASE-FX half duplex mode 18 100BASE-FX full duplex mode 19 100BASE-T2 half duplex mode 100BASE-T2 full duplex mode 20 If auto-negotiation is present on this MAU, this object will map to ifMauAutoNegCapability. This object has been deprecated in favour of ifMauTypeListBits." ::= { ifMauEntry 10 } ifMauDefaultType OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX OBJECT IDENTIFIER MAX-ACCESS read-write STATUS current DESCRIPTION "This object identifies the default administrative baseband MAU type, to be used in conjunction with the operational MAU type denoted by ifMauType. The set of possible values for this object is the same as the set defined for the ifMauType object. This object represents the administratively-configured type of the MAU. If auto-negotiation is not enabled or is not implemented for this MAU, the value of this object determines the operational type of the MAU. In this case, a set to this object will force the MAU into the specified operating mode. If auto-negotiation is implemented and enabled for this MAU, the operational type of the MAU is determined by auto-negotiation, and the value of this object denotes the type to which the MAU will automatically revert if/when auto-negotiation is later disabled. NOTE TO IMPLEMENTORS: It may be necessary to

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```
provide for underlying hardware implementations
                    which do not follow the exact behavior specified
                     above. In particular, when
                     ifMauAutoNegAdminStatus transitions from enabled
                     to disabled, the agent implementation MUST
                     ensure that the operational type of the MAU (as
                    reported by ifMauType) correctly transitions to
                     the value specified by this object, rather than
                    continuing to operate at the value earlier
                    determined by the auto-negotiation function."
    REFERENCE
                     "[IEEE 802.3 Std], 30.5.1.1.1, aMAUID, and
                    22.2.4.1.4."
     ::= { ifMauEntry 11 }
ifMauAutoNegSupported OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX TruthValue
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION "This object indicates whether or not
                    auto-negotiation is supported on this MAU."
     ::= { ifMauEntry 12 }
ifMauTypeListBits OBJECT-TYPE
     SYNTAX BITS {
         bOther(0),
                                 -- other or unknown
                                 -- AUI
          bAUI(1),

      bAUI(1),
      -- AUI

      b10base5(2),
      -- 10BASE-5

      bFoirl(3),
      -- FOIRL

         bl0base2(4), -- 10BASE-2
bl0baseT(5), -- 10BASE-T duplex mode unknown
bl0baseFP(6), -- 10BASE-FP
bl0baseFB(7), -- 10BASE-FB
bl0baseFL(8), -- 10BASE-FL duplex mode unknown
bl0broad36(9), -- 10BROAD36
bl0baseTHD(10), -- 10BASE-T half duplex mode
bl0baseFLHD(12), -- 10BASE-T full duplex mode
bl0baseFLHD(12), -- 10BASE-FL half duplex mode
bl0baseFLFD(13), -- 10BASE-FL full duplex mode
          b100baseT4(14),
                                 -- 100BASE-T4
          b100baseTXHD(15), -- 100BASE-TX half duplex mode
          b100baseTXFD(16), -- 100BASE-TX full duplex mode
          b100baseFXHD(17), -- 100BASE-FX half duplex mode
          b100baseFXFD(18), -- 100BASE-FX full duplex mode
          bl00baseT2HD(19), -- 100BASE-T2 half duplex mode
          b100baseT2FD(20), -- 100BASE-T2 full duplex mode
```

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```
b1000baseXHD(21), -- 1000BASE-X half duplex mode
        b1000baseXFD(22), -- 1000BASE-X full duplex mode
b1000baseLXHD(23), -- 1000BASE-LX half duplex mode
        b1000baseLXFD(24), -- 1000BASE-LX full duplex mode
        b1000baseSXHD(25), -- 1000BASE-SX half duplex mode
        b1000baseSXFD(26), -- 1000BASE-SX full duplex mode
        b1000baseCXHD(27), -- 1000BASE-CX half duplex mode
        b1000baseCXFD(28), -- 1000BASE-CX full duplex mode
        bl000baseTHD(29), -- 1000BASE-T half duplex mode
bl000baseTFD(30) -- 1000BASE-T full duplex mode
    }
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
                current
    DESCRIPTION "A value that uniquely identifies the set of
                possible IEEE 802.3 types that the MAU could be.
                If auto-negotiation is present on this MAU, this
                object will map to ifMauAutoNegCapability.
                Note that this MAU may be capable of operating
                as a MAU type that is beyond the scope of this
                MIB. This is indicated by returning the
                bit value b0ther in addition to any bit values
                for capabilities that are listed above."
    ::= { ifMauEntry 13 }
-- The ifJackTable applies to MAUs attached to interfaces
-- which have one or more external jacks (connectors).
ifJackTable OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF IfJackEntry
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION "Information about the external jacks attached
                to MAUs attached to an interface."
    ::= { dot3IfMauBasicGroup 2 }
ifJackEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX IfJackEntry
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION "An entry in the table, containing information
               about a particular jack."
                { ifMauIfIndex,
    TNDEX
                  ifMauIndex,
                  ifJackIndex
                }
    ::= { ifJackTable 1 }
```

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IfJackEntry ::= SEQUENCE { ifJackIndex Integer32, ifJackType JackType } ifJackIndex OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Integer32 (1..2147483647) MAX-ACCESS not-accessible STATUS current DESCRIPTION "This variable uniquely identifies the jack described by this entry from among other jacks attached to the same MAU." ::= { ifJackEntry 1 } ifJackType OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX JackType MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The jack connector type, as it appears on the outside of the system." ::= { ifJackEntry 2 } -- The ifMauAutoNegTable applies to systems in which -- auto-negotiation is supported on one or more MAUs -- attached to interfaces. Note that if auto-negotiation -- is present and enabled, the ifMauType object reflects -- the result of the auto-negotiation function. ifMauAutoNegTable OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF IfMauAutoNegEntry MAX-ACCESS not-accessible STATUS current DESCRIPTION "Configuration and status objects for the auto-negotiation function of MAUs attached to interfaces." ::= { dot3IfMauAutoNegGroup 1 } ifMauAutoNegEntry OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX If MauAutoNegEntry MAX-ACCESS not-accessible STATUS current DESCRIPTION "An entry in the table, containing configuration and status information for the auto-negotiation function of a particular MAU." { ifMauIfIndex, INDEX ifMauIndex }

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::= { ifMau	AutoNegTable 1 }		
IfMauAutoNegEntr SEQUENCE { ifMauAut ifMauAut ifMauAut ifMauAut ifMauAut ifMauAut ifMauAut ifMauAut ifMauAut ifMauAut ifMauAut	ry ::= toNegAdminStatus toNegRemoteSignaling toNegConfig toNegCapability toNegCapAdvertised toNegCapAdvertised toNegCapabilityBits toNegCapAdvertisedBits toNegCapReceivedBits toNegCapReceivedBits toNegRemoteFaultAdvertised toNegRemoteFaultReceived	INTEGER, INTEGER, INTEGER, Integer32, Integer32, INTEGER, BITS, BITS, BITS, INTEGER, INTEGER, INTEGER	
ifMauAutoNegAdm: SYNTAX	<pre>inStatus OBJECT-TYPE INTEGER { enabled(1), disabled(2)</pre>		
MAX-ACCESS STATUS DESCRIPTION	<pre>} read-write current "Setting this object to ena the interface which has the signaling ability to be ena</pre>	bled(1) will cause auto-negotiation bled.	
	If the value of this object the interface will act as i auto-negotiation signaling. conditions, an IEEE 802.3 M be forced to the state indi the object ifMauDefaultType	is disabled(2) then t would if it had no Under these AU will immediately cated by the value of	
NOTE TO IMPLEMENTORS: When ifMauAutoNegAdminStatus transitions from en- to disabled, the agent implementation MUST ensure that the operational type of the MAU reported by ifMauType) correctly transition the value specified by the ifMauDefaultType object, rather than continuing to operate a value earlier determined by the auto-negoti- function "			
REFERENCE	"[IEEE 802.3 Std], 30.6.1.1 aAutoNegAdminState and 30.6 acAutoNegAdminControl."	.2, .1.2.2,	

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::= { ifMauAutoNegEntry 1 } ifMauAutoNegRemoteSignaling OBJECT-TYPE INTEGER { SYNTAX detected(1), notdetected(2) } MAX-ACCESS read-only current STATUS DESCRIPTION "A value indicating whether the remote end of the link is using auto-negotiation signaling. It takes the value detected(1) if and only if, during the previous link negotiation, FLP Bursts were received." REFERENCE "[IEEE 802.3 Std], 30.6.1.1.3, aAutoNegRemoteSignaling." ::= { ifMauAutoNegEntry 2 } ifMauAutoNegConfig OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX INTEGER { other(1), configuring(2), complete(3), disabled(4), parallelDetectFail(5) } MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "A value indicating the current status of the auto-negotiation process. The enumeration parallelDetectFail(5) maps to a failure in parallel detection as defined in 28.2.3.1 of [IEEE 802.3 Std]." "[IEEE 802.3 Std], 30.6.1.1.4, REFERENCE aAutoNegAutoConfig." ::= { ifMauAutoNegEntry 4 } ifMauAutoNegCapability OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Integer32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS deprecated DESCRIPTION "******* THIS OBJECT IS DEPRECATED ********* A value that uniquely identifies the set of capabilities of the local auto-negotiation entity. The value is a sum which initially takes the value zero. Then, for each capability of this interface, 2 raised to the power noted Smith, et al. Standards Track [Page 33] below is added to the sum. For example, an interface which has the capability to support only 100Base-TX half duplex would have a value of 32768 (2**15). In contrast, an interface which supports both 100Base-TX half duplex and and 100Base-TX full duplex would have a value of 98304 ((2**15) + (2**16)).

The powers of 2 assigned to the capabilities are these:

			Power	Capability		
			0	other or u	ınknown	
			(1-9)	(reserved))	
			10	10BASE-T	half duplex mode	
			11	10BASE-T	full duplex mode	
			12	(reserved))	
			13	(reserved))	
			14	100BASE-T4	1	
			15	100BASE-TX	K half duplex mode	
			16	100BASE-TX	K full duplex mode	
			17	(reserved))	
			18	(reserved))	
			19	100BASE-T2	half duplex mode	
			20	100BASE-T2	full duplex mode	
			Note the have can of this This ob	at interfaces babilities the MIB.	s that support this Minat extend beyond the	IB may scope r of
			ifMauAu	oNegCapabil ⁺	itvBita"	- 01
		REFERENCE	"[IEEE	302.3 Stdl. 3	30.6.1.1.5.	
			aAutoNe	LocalTechnol	logvAbility."	
		::= { ifMauA	AutoNegE	ntry 5 }		
	ifMa	auAutoNegCapA	Advertis	d OBJECT-TY	ЭE	
		SYNTAX	Integer	32		
		MAX-ACCESS	read-wr	lte		
		STATUS	depreca	ted		
		DESCRIPTION	"*****	*** THIS OBJI	ECT IS DEPRECATED ****	* * * * * * *
			A value capabil	that unique ties advert	ly identifies the set ised by the local	of
			auto-ne	Jotiation ent	llty. Refer to	- C + h -
			1IMauAu	coneguapabili	ty for a description	or the
			POSSIDI	e values of (this object.	
			Capabil	ities in this	s object that are not	
Smith	, et	al.	S	andards Trad	ck	[Page 34]

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available in ifMauAutoNegCapability cannot be enabled. This object has been deprecated in favour of ifMauAutoNegCapAdvertisedBits" "[IEEE 802.3 Std], 30.6.1.1.6, REFERENCE aAutoNegAdvertisedTechnologyAbility." ::= { ifMauAutoNegEntry 6 } ifMauAutoNegCapReceived OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Integer32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS deprecated DESCRIPTION "******* THIS OBJECT IS DEPRECATED ********* A value that uniquely identifies the set of capabilities received from the remote auto-negotiation entity. Refer to ifMauAutoNegCapability for a description of the possible values of this object. Note that interfaces that support this MIB may be attached to remote auto-negotiation entities which have capabilities beyond the scope of this MIB. This object has been deprecated in favour of ifMauAutoNegCapReceivedBits" REFERENCE "[IEEE 802.3 Std], 30.6.1.1.7, aAutoNegReceivedTechnologyAbility." ::= { ifMauAutoNegEntry 7 } ifMauAutoNegRestart OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX INTEGER { restart(1), norestart(2) } MAX-ACCESS read-write STATUS current DESCRIPTION "If the value of this object is set to restart(1) then this will force auto-negotiation to begin link renegotiation. If auto-negotiation

signaling is disabled, a write to this object

Setting the value of this object to norestart(2)

has no effect.

has no effect."

REFERENCE

Smith, et al.

"[IEEE 802.3 Std], 30.6.1.2.1,

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acAutoNegRestartAutoConfig." ::= { ifMauAutoNegEntry 8 } ifMauAutoNeqCapabilityBits OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX BITS { bother(0), -- other or unknown blobaseT(1), -- 10BASE-T half duplex mode blobaseTFD(2), -- 10BASE-T full duplex mode bl00baseT4(3), -- 100BASE-T4 bl00baseTX(4), -- 100BASE-TX half duplex mode b100baseTXFD(5), -- 100BASE-TX half duplex mode b100baseTXFD(5), -- 100BASE-TX full duplex mode b100baseT2(6), -- 100BASE-T2 half duplex mode b100baseT2FD(7), -- 100BASE-T2 full duplex mode bfdxPause(8), -- PAUSE for full-duplex links bfdxAPause(9), -- Asymmetric PAUSE for full-duplex -- links bfdxSPause(10), -- Symmetric PAUSE for full-duplex -- links bfdxBPause(11), -- Asymmetric and Symmetric PAUSE for -- full-duplex links b1000baseX(12), -- 1000BASE-X, -LX, -SX, -CX half -- duplex mode b1000baseXFD(13), -- 1000BASE-X, -LX, -SX, -CX full duplex mode ___ b1000baseT(14), -- 1000BASE-T half duplex mode b1000baseTFD(15) -- 1000BASE-T full duplex mode MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "A value that uniquely identifies the set of capabilities of the local auto-negotiation entity. Note that interfaces that support this MIB may have capabilities that extend beyond the scope of this MIB. Note that the local auto-negotiation entity may support some capabilities beyond the scope of this MIB. This is indicated by returning the bit value b0ther in addition to any bit values for capabilities that are listed above." "[IEEE 802.3 Std], 30.6.1.1.5, REFERENCE aAutoNegLocalTechnologyAbility." ::= { ifMauAutoNegEntry 9 } ifMauAutoNegCapAdvertisedBits OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX BITS { bOther(0), -- other or unknown bl0baseT(1), -- 10BASE-T half duplex mode

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```
bl0baseTFD(2), -- 10BASE-T full duplex mode
bl00baseT4(3), -- 100BASE-T4
bl00baseTX(4), -- 100BASE-TX half duplex mode
         b100baseTXFD(5), -- 100BASE-TX full duplex mode
         bl00baseT2(6), -- 100BASE-T2 half duplex mode
         b100baseT2FD(7), -- 100BASE-T2 full duplex mode
         bFdxPause(8), -- PAUSE for full-duplex links
bFdxAPause(9), -- Asymmetric PAUSE for full-duplex
                             --
                                     links
         bFdxSPause(10), -- Symmetric PAUSE for full-duplex
                              -- links
         bFdxBPause(11), -- Asymmetric and Symmetric PAUSE for
                              -- full-duplex links
         b1000baseX(12), -- 1000BASE-X, -LX, -SX, -CX half
                              -- duplex mode
         bl000baseXFD(13), -- 1000BASE-X, -LX, -SX, -CX full
                              -- duplex mode
         b1000baseT(14), -- 1000BASE-T half duplex mode
         b1000baseTFD(15) -- 1000BASE-T full duplex mode
     }
    MAX-ACCESS read-write
    STATUS
             current
    DESCRIPTION "A value that uniquely identifies the set of
                   capabilities advertised by the local
                   auto-negotiation entity.
                   Capabilities in this object that are not
                   available in ifMauAutoNegCapabilityBits cannot
                   be enabled.
                   Note that the local auto-negotiation entity may
                   advertise some capabilities beyond the scope of
                   this MIB. This is indicated by returning the
                   bit value b0ther in addition to any bit values
                   for capabilities that are listed above."
    REFERENCE
                   "[IEEE 802.3 Std], 30.6.1.1.6,
                   aAutoNegAdvertisedTechnologyAbility."
     ::= { ifMauAutoNegEntry 10 }
ifMauAutoNegCapReceivedBits OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX BITS {
         bOther(0), -- other or unknown
b10baseT(1), -- 10BASE-T half duplex mode
b10baseTFD(2), -- 10BASE-T full duplex mode
b100baseT4(3), -- 100BASE-T4
b100baseTX(4), -- 100BASE-TX half duplex mode
          b100baseTXFD(5), -- 100BASE-TX full duplex mode
b100baseT2(6), -- 100BASE-T2 half duplex mode
b100baseT2FD(7), -- 100BASE-T2 full duplex mode
```

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bFdxPause(8), -- PAUSE for full-duplex links bFdxAPause(9), -- Asymmetric PAUSE for full-duplex -links bFdxSPause(10), -- Symmetric PAUSE for full-duplex ___ links -- Asymmetric and Symmetric PAUSE for bFdxBPause(11), -- full-duplex links -- 1000BASE-X, -LX, -SX, -CX half b1000baseX(12), -- duplex mode bl000baseXFD(13), -- 1000BASE-X, -LX, -SX, -CX full -- duplex mode bl000baseT(14), -- 1000BASE-T half duplex mode b1000baseTFD(15) -- 1000BASE-T full duplex mode } MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "A value that uniquely identifies the set of capabilities received from the remote auto-negotiation entity. Note that interfaces that support this MIB may be attached to remote auto-negotiation entities which have capabilities beyond the scope of this MIB. This is indicated by returning the bit value bOther in addition to any bit values for capabilities that are listed above." REFERENCE "[IEEE 802.3 Std], 30.6.1.1.7, aAutoNegReceivedTechnologyAbility." ::= { ifMauAutoNegEntry 11 } ifMauAutoNegRemoteFaultAdvertised OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX INTEGER { noError(1), offline(2), linkFailure(3), autoNegError(4) } MAX-ACCESS read-write STATUS current DESCRIPTION "A value that identifies any local fault indications that this MAU has detected and will advertise at the next auto-negotiation interaction for 1000Mbps MAUs." REFERENCE "[IEEE 802.3 Std], 30.6.1.1.6, aAutoNegAdvertisedTechnologyAbility." ::= { ifMauAutoNegEntry 12 } ifMauAutoNegRemoteFaultReceived OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX INTEGER {

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noError(1), offline(2), linkFailure(3), autoNegError(4) } MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "A value that identifies any fault indications received from the far end of a link by the local auto-negotiation entity for 1000Mbps MAUs." "[IEEE 802.3 Std], 30.6.1.1.7, REFERENCE aAutoNegReceivedTechnologyAbility." ::= { ifMauAutoNegEntry 13 } - --- The Basic Broadband MAU Table broadMauBasicTable OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF BroadMauBasicEntry MAX-ACCESS not-accessible STATUS deprecated DESCRIPTION "******* THIS OBJECT IS DEPRECATED ********* Table of descriptive and status information about the broadband MAUs connected to interfaces." ::= { dot3BroadMauBasicGroup 1 } broadMauBasicEntry OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX BroadMauBasicEntry MAX-ACCESS not-accessible STATUS deprecated DESCRIPTION "******* THIS OBJECT IS DEPRECATED ********* An entry in the table, containing information about a single broadband MAU." { broadMauIfIndex, INDEX broadMauIndex } ::= { broadMauBasicTable 1 } BroadMauBasicEntry ::= SEQUENCE { broadMauIfIndex Integer32, broadMauIndex Integer32, broadMauXmtRcvSplitType INTEGER,

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broadMauXmtCarrierFreq Integer32, broadMauTranslationFreq Integer32 } broadMaulfIndex OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Integer32 (1..2147483647) MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS deprecated DESCRIPTION "******* THIS OBJECT IS DEPRECATED ********* This variable uniquely identifies the interface to which the MAU described by this entry is connected." "Reference RFC 1213, ifIndex." REFERENCE ::= { broadMauBasicEntry 1 } broadMauIndex OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Integer32 (1..2147483647) MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS deprecated DESCRIPTION "******* THIS OBJECT IS DEPRECATED ********* This variable uniquely identifies the MAU connected to interface broadMauIfIndex that is described by this entry." REFERENCE "[IEEE 802.3 Std], 30.5.1.1.1, aMAUID." ::= { broadMauBasicEntry 2 } broadMauXmtRcvSplitType OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX INTEGER { other(1), single(2), dual(3) } MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS deprecated DESCRIPTION "******* THIS OBJECT IS DEPRECATED ********* This object indicates the type of frequency multiplexing/cabling system used to separate the transmit and receive paths for the 10BROAD36 MAU. The value other(1) is returned if the split type is not either single or dual. The value single(2) indicates a single cable system. The value dual(3) indicates a dual Smith, et al. Standards Track [Page 40] RFC 2668

cable system, offset normally zero." "[IEEE 802.3 Std], 30.5.1.1.8, REFERENCE aBbMAUXmitRcvSplitType." ::= { broadMauBasicEntry 3 } broadMauXmtCarrierFreq OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Integer32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS deprecated DESCRIPTION "******* THIS OBJECT IS DEPRECATED ********* This variable indicates the transmit carrier frequency of the 10BROAD36 MAU in MHz/4; that is, in units of 250 kHz." REFERENCE "[IEEE 802.3 Std], 30.5.1.1.9, aBroadbandFrequencies.xmitCarrierFrequency." ::= { broadMauBasicEntry 4 } broadMauTranslationFreq OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Integer32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS deprecated DESCRIPTION "******* THIS OBJECT IS DEPRECATED ********* This variable indicates the translation offset frequency of the 10BROAD36 MAU in MHz/4; that is, in units of 250 kHz." REFERENCE "[IEEE 802.3 Std], 30.5.1.1.9, aBroadbandFrequencies.translationFrequency." ::= { broadMauBasicEntry 5 } -- Notifications for use by 802.3 MAUs snmpDot3MauTraps OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { snmpDot3MauMgt 0 } rpMauJabberTrap NOTIFICATION-TYPE OBJECTS { rpMauJabberState } STATUS current DESCRIPTION "This trap is sent whenever a managed repeater MAU enters the jabber state. The agent MUST throttle the generation of consecutive rpMauJabberTraps so that there is at least a five-second gap between them." REFERENCE "[IEEE 802.3 Mgt], 30.5.1.3.1, nJabber notification." ::= { snmpDot3MauTraps 1 }

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```
ifMauJabberTrap NOTIFICATION-TYPE
         OBJECTS { ifMauJabberState }
         STATUS
                     current
         DESCRIPTION "This trap is sent whenever a managed interface
                     MAU enters the jabber state.
                     The agent MUST throttle the generation of
                     consecutive if MauJabberTraps so that there is at
                     least a five-second gap between them."
         REFERENCE
                     "[IEEE 802.3 Mgt], 30.5.1.3.1, nJabber
                     notification."
          ::= { snmpDot3MauTraps 2 }
      -- Conformance information
     mauModConf
             OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { mauMod 1 }
       mauModCompls
             OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { mauModConf 1 }
       mauModObjGrps
             OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { mauModConf 2 }
       mauModNotGrps
             OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { mauModConf 3 }
      -- Object groups
     mauRpGrpBasic OBJECT-GROUP
                    { rpMauGroupIndex,
         OBJECTS
                       rpMauPortIndex,
                       rpMauIndex,
                       rpMauType,
                       rpMauStatus,
                       rpMauMediaAvailable,
                       rpMauMediaAvailableStateExits,
                       rpMauJabberState,
                       rpMauJabberingStateEnters
                     }
         STATUS
                     current
         DESCRIPTION "Basic conformance group for MAUs attached to
                     repeater ports. This group is also the
                     conformance specification for RFC 1515
                     implementations."
          ::= { mauModObjGrps 1 }
     mauRpGrp100Mbs OBJECT-GROUP
         OBJECTS { rpMauFalseCarriers }
         STATUS current
         DESCRIPTION "Conformance group for MAUs attached to
                     repeater ports with 100 Mb/s or greater
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                                                              [Page 42]
```

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```
capability."
          ::= { mauModObjGrps 2 }
     mauRpGrpJack OBJECT-GROUP
         OBJECTS { rpJackType }
          STATUS
                     current
         DESCRIPTION "Conformance group for MAUs attached to
                     repeater ports with managed jacks."
          ::= { mauModObjGrps 3 }
     maulfGrpBasic OBJECT-GROUP
         OBJECTS
                     { ifMauIfIndex,
                        ifMauIndex,
                        ifMauType,
                        ifMauStatus,
                        ifMauMediaAvailable,
                        ifMauMediaAvailableStateExits,
                        ifMauJabberState,
                        ifMauJabberingStateEnters
                      }
         STATUS
                     current
         DESCRIPTION "Basic conformance group for MAUs attached to
                      interfaces. This group also provides a
                      conformance specification for RFC 1515
                      implementations."
          ::= { mauModObjGrps 4 }
     maulfGrp100Mbs OBJECT-GROUP
         OBJECTS
                     { ifMauFalseCarriers,
                       ifMauTypeList,
                        ifMauDefaultType,
                        ifMauAutoNegSupported
                      }
         STATUS
                     deprecated
         DESCRIPTION "******* THIS GROUP IS DEPRECATED *********
                      Conformance group for MAUs attached to
                      interfaces with 100 Mb/s capability.
                      This object group has been deprecated in favor
                      of mauIfGrpHighCapacity."
          ::= { mauModObjGrps 5 }
     maulfGrpJack OBJECT-GROUP
         OBJECTS { ifJackType }
         STATUS
                     current
         DESCRIPTION "Conformance group for MAUs attached to
                     interfaces with managed jacks."
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                                                               [Page 43]
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::= { mauModObjGrps 6 } maulfGrpAutoNeg OBJECT-GROUP OBJECTS { ifMauAutoNegAdminStatus, ifMauAutoNegRemoteSignaling, ifMauAutoNegConfig, ifMauAutoNegCapability, ifMauAutoNegCapAdvertised, ifMauAutoNegCapReceived, ifMauAutoNegRestart } STATUS deprecated DESCRIPTION "******* THIS GROUP IS DEPRECATED ********* Conformance group for MAUs attached to interfaces with managed auto-negotiation. This object group has been deprecated in favor of maulfGrpAutoNeg2." ::= { mauModObjGrps 7 } mauBroadBasic OBJECT-GROUP OBJECTS { broadMaulfIndex, broadMauIndex, broadMauXmtRcvSplitType, broadMauXmtCarrierFreq, broadMauTranslationFreq } STATUS deprecated DESCRIPTION "******* THIS GROUP IS DEPRECATED ********* Conformance group for broadband MAUs attached to interfaces. This object group is deprecated. There have been no reported implementations of this group, and it was felt to be unlikely that there will be any future implementations." ::= { mauModObjGrps 8 } maulfGrpHighCapacity OBJECT-GROUP OBJECTS { ifMauFalseCarriers, ifMauTypeListBits, ifMauDefaultType, ifMauAutoNegSupported } STATUS current DESCRIPTION "Conformance group for MAUs attached to

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interfaces with 100 Mb/s or greater capability." ::= { mauModObjGrps 9 } maulfGrpAutoNeg2 OBJECT-GROUP OBJECTS { ifMauAutoNegAdminStatus, ifMauAutoNegRemoteSignaling, ifMauAutoNegConfig, ifMauAutoNegCapabilityBits, ifMauAutoNegCapAdvertisedBits, ifMauAutoNegCapReceivedBits, ifMauAutoNegRestart } STATUS current DESCRIPTION "Conformance group for MAUs attached to interfaces with managed auto-negotiation." ::= { mauModObjGrps 10 } maulfGrpAutoNeg1000Mbps OBJECT-GROUP OBJECTS { if MauAutoNegRemoteFaultAdvertised, ifMauAutoNegRemoteFaultReceived } STATUS current DESCRIPTION "Conformance group for 1000Mbps MAUs attached to interfaces with managed auto-negotiation." ::= { mauModObjGrps 11 } -- Notification groups rpMauNotifications NOTIFICATION-GROUP NOTIFICATIONS { rpMauJabberTrap } STATUS current DESCRIPTION "Notifications for repeater MAUs." ::= { mauModNotGrps 1 } ifMauNotifications NOTIFICATION-GROUP NOTIFICATIONS { ifMauJabberTrap } STATUS current DESCRIPTION "Notifications for interface MAUs." ::= { mauModNotGrps 2 } -- Compliances mauModRpCompl MODULE-COMPLIANCE STATUS deprecated DESCRIPTION "******* THIS COMPLIANCE IS DEPRECATED ******* Compliance for MAUs attached to repeater ports. Smith, et al. Standards Track [Page 45]

This compliance is deprecated and replaced by mauModRpCompl2, which corrects an oversight by allowing rpMauStatus to be implemented read-only." MODULE -- this module MANDATORY-GROUPS { mauRpGrpBasic } mauRpGrp100Mbs GROUP DESCRIPTION "Implementation of this optional group is recommended for MAUs which have 100Mb/s or greater capability." GROUP mauRpGrpJack DESCRIPTION "Implementation of this optional group is recommended for MAUs which have one or more external jacks." GROUP rpMauNotifications DESCRIPTION "Implementation of this group is recommended for MAUs attached to repeater ports." ::= { mauModCompls 1 } mauModIfCompl MODULE-COMPLIANCE STATUS deprecated DESCRIPTION "****** THIS COMPLIANCE IS DEPRECATED ******* Compliance for MAUs attached to interfaces. This compliance is deprecated and replaced by mauModIfCompl2." MODULE -- this module MANDATORY-GROUPS { maulfGrpBasic } mauIfGrp100Mbs GROUP DESCRIPTION "Implementation of this optional group is recommended for MAUs which have 100Mb/s capability." GROUP mauIfGrpJack DESCRIPTION "Implementation of this optional group is recommended for MAUs which have one or more external jacks." GROUP maulfGrpAutoNeg DESCRIPTION "Implementation of this group is mandatory for MAUs which support managed Smith, et al. Standards Track [Page 46]

auto-negotiation." GROUP mauBroadBasic DESCRIPTION "Implementation of this group is mandatory for broadband MAUs." ifMauNotifications GROUP DESCRIPTION "Implementation of this group is recommended for MAUs attached to interfaces." ::= { mauModCompls 2 } mauModIfCompl2 MODULE-COMPLIANCE current STATUS DESCRIPTION "Compliance for MAUs attached to interfaces." MODULE -- this module MANDATORY-GROUPS { maulfGrpBasic } maulfGrpHighCapacity GROUP DESCRIPTION "Implementation of this optional group is recommended for MAUs which have 100Mb/s or greater capability." mauIfGrpJack GROUP DESCRIPTION "Implementation of this optional group is recommended for MAUs which have one or more external jacks." GROUP mauIfGrpAutoNeg2 DESCRIPTION "Implementation of this group is mandatory for MAUs which support managed auto-negotiation." mauIfGrpAutoNeg1000Mbps GROUP DESCRIPTION "Implementation of this group is mandatory for MAUs which have 1000Mb/s or greater capability and support managed auto-negotiation." ifMauNotifications GROUP DESCRIPTION "Implementation of this group is recommended for MAUs attached to interfaces." OBJECT ifMauStatus MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." ::= { mauModCompls 3 }

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mauModRpCompl2 MODULE-COMPLIANCE STATUS current DESCRIPTION "Compliance for MAUs attached to repeater ports." MODULE -- this module MANDATORY-GROUPS { mauRpGrpBasic } mauRpGrp100Mbs GROUP DESCRIPTION "Implementation of this optional group is recommended for MAUs which have 100Mb/s or greater capability." GROUP mauRpGrpJack DESCRIPTION "Implementation of this optional group is recommended for MAUs which have one or more external jacks." GROUP rpMauNotifications DESCRIPTION "Implementation of this group is recommended for MAUs attached to repeater ports." OBJECT rpMauStatus MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." ::= { mauModCompls 4 }

END

5. Intellectual Property

The IETF takes no position regarding the validity or scope of any intellectual property or other rights that might be claimed to pertain to the implementation or use of the technology described in this document or the extent to which any license under such rights might or might not be available; neither does it represent that it has made any effort to identify any such rights. Information on the IETF's procedures with respect to rights in standards-track and standards-related documentation can be found in BCP-11. Copies of claims of rights made available for publication and any assurances of licenses to be made available, or the result of an attempt made to obtain a general license or permission for the use of such proprietary rights by implementors or users of this specification can be obtained from the IETF Secretariat.

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The IETF invites any interested party to bring to its attention any copyrights, patents or patent applications, or other proprietary rights which may cover technology that may be required to practice this standard. Please address the information to the IETF Executive Director.

6. Acknowledgements

This document was produced by the IETF Ethernet Interfaces and Hub MIB Working Group, whose efforts were greatly advanced by the contributions of the following people:

Chuck Black John Flick Jeff Johnson Leon Leong Mike Lui Dave Perkins Geoff Thompson Maurice Turcotte Paul Woodruff

Special thanks as well to Dave Perkins for his excellent work on the SMICng compiler, which made it easy to take advantage of the latest SNMPv2 constructs in this MIB.

- 7. References
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- 8. Security Considerations

There are a number of management objects defined in this MIB that have a MAX-ACCESS clause of read-write. Setting these objects can have a serious effect on the operation of the network, including:

enabling or disabling a MAU changing a MAU's default type enabling, disabling or restarting autonegotiation modifying the capabilities that a MAU advertizes during autonegotiation.

Such objects may be considered sensitive or vulnerable in some network environments. The support for SET operations in a non-secure environment without proper protection can have a negative effect on network operations.

SNMPv1 by itself is such an insecure environment. Even if the network itself is secure (for example by using IPSec), even then, there is no control as to who on the secure network is allowed to access and GET/SET (read/change/create/delete) the objects in this MIB.

It is recommended that the implementers consider the security features as provided by the SNMPv3 framework. Specifically, the use of the User-based Security Model RFC 2574 [12] and the View-based Access Control Model RFC 2575 [15] is recommended.

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It is then a customer/user responsibility to ensure that the SNMP entity giving access to an instance of this MIB, is properly configured to give access to those objects only to those principals (users) that have legitimate rights to access them.

9. Authors' Addresses

Andrew Smith Extreme Networks, Inc. 3585 Monroe St. Santa Clara, CA 95051 USA

Phone: +1 408 579-2821 EMail: andrew@extremenetworks.com

John Flick Hewlett-Packard Company 8000 Foothills Blvd. M/S 5557 Roseville, CA 95747-5557

Phone: +1 916 785 4018 EMail: johnf@rose.hp.com

Kathryn de Graaf Argon Networks 25 Porter Road Littleton, MA 01460 USA

Phone: +1 978 486 0665 x163 Fax: +1 978 486 9379 EMail: kdegraaf@argon.com

Dan Romascanu Lucent Technologies Atidim Technology Park, Bldg. 3 Tel Aviv 61131 Israel

Phone: 972 3 645 8414, 6458458 Fax: 972 3 648 7146 EMail: dromasca@lucent.com

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Donna McMaster Cisco Systems Inc. 170 West Tasman Drive San Jose, CA 95134

Phone: +1 408 526 5260 EMail: mcmaster@cisco.com

Keith McCloghrie Cisco Systems Inc. 170 West Tasman Drive San Jose, CA 95134

Phone: +1 408 526 5260 EMail: kzm@cisco.com

Sam Roberts Farallon Computing, Inc. 2470 Mariner Square Loop Alameda, CA 94501-1010

Phone: +1 510 814 5215 EMail: sroberts@farallon.com

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Appendix

Change Log

This section enumerates the changes made to RFC 2239 to produce this document.

- (1) The MODULE-IDENTITY has been updated to reflect the changes in the MIB.
- (2) OBJECT-IDENTITY definitions have been added for gigabit MAU types.
- (3) The ifMauTypeList, ifMauAutoNegCapability, ifMauAutoNegCapAdvertised and ifMauAutoNegCapReceived objects have been deprecated and replaced by ifMauTypeListBits, ifMauAutoNegCapabilityBits, ifMauAutoNegCapAdvertisedBits and ifMauAutoNegCapReceivedBits.
- (4) Two new objects, ifMauAutoNegRemoteFaultAdvertised and ifMauAutoNegRemoteFaultReceived have been added.
- (5) Enumerations for 'offline' and 'autoNegError' have been added for the rpMauMediaAvailable and ifMauMediaAvailable objects.
- (6) The broadMauBasicTable and mauBroadBasic object group have been deprecated.
- (7) The maulfGrp100Mbs and maulfGrpAutoNeg object groups have been deprecated and replaced by maulfGrpHighCapacity and maulfGrpAutoNeg2.
- (8) A new object group, mauIfGrpAutoNeg1000Mbps, has been added.
- (9) The mauModIfCompl and mauModRpCompl compliances have been deprecated and replaced by mauModIfCompl2 and mauModRpCompl2.
- (10) Added section on relationship to RFC 2239.
- (11) Updated the SNMP Network Management Framework boilerplate.

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- (12) Refer to the Interfaces MIB, rather than the interfaces group of MIB-II.
- (13) Updated references to refer to latest edition of IEEE 802.3.
- (14) An intellectual property notice was added, as required by RFC 2026.

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