Network Working Group

Request for Comments: 1920

Obsoletes: 1880, 1800, 1780, 1720,
1610, 1600, 1540, 1500, 1410, 1360,
1280, 1250, 1200, 1140, 1130, 1100, 1083

STD: 1

Category: Standards Track

Internet Architecture Board

J. Postel, Editor

March 1996

1880, 1250, 1200, 1410, 1360,
1280, 1250, 1200, 1140, 1130, 1083

INTERNET OFFICIAL PROTOCOL STANDARDS

Status of this Memo

This memo describes the state of standardization of protocols used in the Internet as determined by the Internet Architecture Board (IAB). This memo is an Internet Standard. Distribution of this memo is unlimited.

Table of Contents

Introduction	. 2
1. The Standardization Process	. 3
2. The Request for Comments Documents	. 5
3. Other Reference Documents	. 6
3.1. Assigned Numbers	. 6
3.2. Gateway Requirements	
3.3. Host Requirements	
3.4. The MIL-STD Documents	
4. Explanation of Terms	
4.1. Definitions of Protocol State (Maturity Level)	
4.1.1. Standard Protocol	
4.1.2. Draft Standard Protocol	
4.1.3. Proposed Standard Protocol	
4.1.4. Experimental Protocol	
4.1.5. Informational Protocol	10
4.1.6. Historic Protocol	
4.2. Definitions of Protocol Status (Requirement Level)	10
4.2.1. Required Protocol	10
4.2.2. Recommended Protocol	10
4.2.3. Elective Protocol	10
4.2.4. Limited Use Protocol	10
4.2.5. Not Recommended Protocol	10
5. The Standards Track	11
5.1. The RFC Processing Decision Table	11
5.2. The Standards Track Diagram	12
6. The Protocols	14
6.1. Recent Changes	14

Internet Architecture Board Standards Track

6.1.1. New RFCs		14
6.1.2. Other Changes		18
6.2. Standard Protocols		
6.3. Network-Specific Standard Protocols		
6.4. Draft Standard Protocols		
6.5. Proposed Standard Protocols		24
6.6. Telnet Options		
6.7. Experimental Protocols		29
6.8. Informational Protocols		
6.9. Historic Protocols		
6.10 Obsolete Protocols		35
7. Contacts		36
7.1. IAB, IETF, and IRTF Contacts		36
7.1.1. Internet Architecture Board (IAB) Contact		36
7.1.2. Internet Engineering Task Force (IETF) Contact .		36
7.1.3. Internet Research Task Force (IRTF) Contact		37
7.2. Internet Assigned Numbers Authority (IANA) Contact		38
7.3. Request for Comments Editor Contact		39
7.4. Network Information Center Contact		39
7.5. Sources for Requests for Comments		40
8. Security Considerations		40
9. Author's Address		40

Introduction

A discussion of the standardization process and the RFC document series is presented first, followed by an explanation of the terms. Sections 6.2 - 6.10 contain the lists of protocols in each stage of standardization. Finally are pointers to references and contacts for further information.

This memo is intended to be issued approximately quarterly; please be sure the copy you are reading is current. Current copies may be obtained from the Network Information Center (INTERNIC) or from the Internet Assigned Numbers Authority (IANA) (see the contact information at the end of this memo). Do not use this edition after 15-July-96.

See Section 6.1 for a description of recent changes. In the official lists in sections 6.2 - 6.10, an asterisk (*) next to a protocol denotes that it is new to this document or has been moved from one protocol level to another, or differs from the previous edition of this document.

1. The Standardization Process

The Internet Architecture Board maintains this list of documents that define standards for the Internet protocol suite. See RFC-1601 for the charter of the IAB and RFC-1160 for an explanation of the role and organization of the IAB and its subsidiary groups, the Internet Engineering Task Force (IETF) and the Internet Research Task Force (IRTF). Each of these groups has a steering group called the IESG and IRSG, respectively. The IETF develops these standards with the goal of co-ordinating the evolution of the Internet protocols; this co-ordination has become quite important as the Internet protocols are increasingly in general commercial use. The definitive description of the Internet standards process is found in RFC-1602.

The majority of Internet protocol development and standardization activity takes place in the working groups of the IETF.

Protocols which are to become standards in the Internet go through a series of states or maturity levels (proposed standard, draft standard, and standard) involving increasing amounts of scrutiny and testing. When a protocol completes this process it is assigned a STD number (see RFC-1311). At each step, the Internet Engineering Steering Group (IESG) of the IETF must make a recommendation for advancement of the protocol.

To allow time for the Internet community to consider and react to standardization proposals, a minimum delay of 6 months before a proposed standard can be advanced to a draft standard and 4 months before a draft standard can be promoted to standard.

It is general practice that no proposed standard can be promoted to draft standard without at least two independent implementations (and the recommendation of the IESG). Promotion from draft standard to standard generally requires operational experience and demonstrated interoperability of two or more implementations (and the recommendation of the IESG).

In cases where there is uncertainty as to the proper decision concerning a protocol a special review committee may be appointed consisting of experts from the IETF, IRTF and the IAB with the purpose of recommending an explicit action.

Advancement of a protocol to proposed standard is an important step since it marks a protocol as a candidate for eventual standardization (it puts the protocol "on the standards track"). Advancement to draft standard is a major step which warns the community that, unless major objections are raised or flaws are discovered, the protocol is likely to be advanced to standard in six months.

Some protocols have been superseded by better ones or are otherwise unused. Such protocols are still documented in this memorandum with the designation "historic".

Because it is useful to document the results of early protocol research and development work, some of the RFCs document protocols which are still in an experimental condition. The protocols are designated "experimental" in this memorandum. They appear in this report as a convenience to the community and not as evidence of their standardization.

Other protocols, such as those developed by other standards organizations, or by particular vendors, may be of interest or may be recommended for use in the Internet. The specifications of such protocols may be published as RFCs for the convenience of the Internet community. These protocols are labeled "informational" in this memorandum.

In addition to the working groups of the IETF, protocol development and experimentation may take place as a result of the work of the research groups of the Internet Research Task Force, or the work of other individuals interested in Internet protocol development. The the documentation of such experimental work in the RFC series is encouraged, but none of this work is considered to be on the track for standardization until the IESG has made a recommendation to advance the protocol to the proposed standard state.

A few protocols have achieved widespread implementation without the approval of the IESG. For example, some vendor protocols have become very important to the Internet community even though they have not been recommended by the IESG. However, the IAB strongly recommends that the standards process be used in the evolution of the protocol suite to maximize interoperability (and to prevent incompatible protocol requirements from arising). The use of the terms "standard", "draft standard", and "proposed standard" are reserved in any RFC or other publication of Internet protocols to only those protocols which the IESG has approved.

In addition to a state (like "Proposed Standard"), a protocol is also assigned a status, or requirement level, in this document. The possible requirement levels ("Required", "Recommended", "Elective", "Limited Use", and "Not Recommended") are defined in Section 4.2. When a protocol is on the standards track, that is in the proposed standard, draft standard, or standard state (see Section 5), the status shown in Section 6 is the current status.

Few protocols are required to be implemented in all systems; this is because there is such a variety of possible systems, for example,

gateways, routers, terminal servers, workstations, and multi-user hosts. The requirement level shown in this document is only a one word label, which may not be sufficient to characterize the implementation requirements for a protocol in all situations. For some protocols, this document contains an additional status paragraph (an applicability statement). In addition, more detailed status information may be contained in separate requirements documents (see Section 3).

2. The Request for Comments Documents

The documents called Request for Comments (or RFCs) are the working notes of the "Network Working Group", that is the Internet research and development community. A document in this series may be on essentially any topic related to computer communication, and may be anything from a meeting report to the specification of a standard.

Notice:

All standards are published as RFCs, but not all RFCs specify standards.

Anyone can submit a document for publication as an RFC. Submissions must be made via electronic mail to the RFC Editor (see the contact information at the end of this memo, and see RFC 1543).

While RFCs are not refereed publications, they do receive technical review from the task forces, individual technical experts, or the RFC Editor, as appropriate.

The RFC series comprises a wide range of documents, ranging from informational documents of general interests to specifications of standard Internet protocols. In cases where submission is intended to document a proposed standard, draft standard, or standard protocol, the RFC Editor will publish the document only with the approval of the IESG. For documents describing experimental work, the RFC Editor will notify the IESG before publication, allowing for the possibility of review by the relevant IETF working group or IRTF research group and provide those comments to the author. See Section 5.1 for more detail.

Once a document is assigned an RFC number and published, that RFC is never revised or re-issued with the same number. There is never a question of having the most recent version of a particular RFC. However, a protocol (such as File Transfer Protocol (FTP)) may be improved and re-documented many times in several different RFCs. It is important to verify that you have the most recent RFC on a particular protocol. This "Internet Official Protocol Standards"

memo is the reference for determining the correct RFC for the current specification of each protocol.

The RFCs are available from the INTERNIC, and a number of other sites. For more information about obtaining RFCs, see Sections 7.4 and 7.5.

3. Other Reference Documents

There are three other reference documents of interest in checking the current status of protocol specifications and standardization. These are the Assigned Numbers, the Gateway Requirements, and the Host Requirements. Note that these documents are revised and updated at different times; in case of differences between these documents, the most recent must prevail.

Also, one should be aware of the MIL-STD publications on IP, TCP, Telnet, FTP, and SMTP. These are described in Section 3.4.

3.1. Assigned Numbers

The "Assigned Numbers" document lists the assigned values of the parameters used in the various protocols. For example, IP protocol codes, TCP port numbers, Telnet Option Codes, ARP hardware types, and Terminal Type names. Assigned Numbers was most recently issued as RFC-1700.

3.2. Requirements for IP Version 4 Routers

This document reviews the specifications that apply to gateways and supplies guidance and clarification for any ambiguities. Requirements for IP Version 4 Routers is RFC-1812.

3.3. Host Requirements

This pair of documents reviews and updates the specifications that apply to hosts, and it supplies guidance and clarification for any ambiguities. Host Requirements was issued as RFC-1122 and RFC-1123.

3.4. The MIL-STD Documents

The Internet community specifications for IP (RFC-791) and TCP (RFC-793) and the DoD MIL-STD specifications are intended to describe exactly the same protocols. Any difference in the protocols specified by these sets of documents should be reported to DISA and to the IESG. It is strongly advised that the two sets of documents be used together, along with RFC-1122 and RFC-1123.

Note that these MIL-STD are now somewhat out of date. The Requirements for IP Version 4 Routers (RFC-1812) and Host Requirements (RFC-1122, RFC-1123) take precedence over both earlier RFCs and the MIL-STDs.

2045-13501 Internet Routing between Autonomous Systems

2045-14502-01 Internet Transport Profile for DoD Communications, Part 1: Transport and Internet Services

2045-14502-04 Internet Transport Profile for DoD Communications, Part 4: LAN Media-Independent Requirements

2045-14503 Internet Transport Service Supporting OSI Applications

2045-44500 Tactical Communications

2045-17503-01 Internet Message Transfer Profile for DoD Communications Part 1: Simple Mail Transfer Protocol

2045-17503-02 Internet Message Transfer Profile for DoD Communications Part 2: Format of Text Messages

2045-17504 Internet File Transfer Profile for DoD Communications

2045-17505 Internet Domain Name Service (DNS) Profile for DoD Communications

2045-17506 Internet Remote Login (RLOGIN) Profile for DoD Communications

2045-17507 Internet Network Management Profile for DoD Communications

2045-38000 DoD Network Management for DoD Communications

These documents are available from the Naval Publications and Forms Center. Requests can be initiated by telephone, telegraph, or mail; however, it is preferred that private industry use form DD1425, if possible.

Naval Publications and Forms Center, Code 3015 5801 Tabor Ave
Philadelphia, PA 19120
Phone: 1-215-697-3321 (order tape)
1-215-697-4834 (conversation)

4. Explanation of Terms

There are two independent categorization of protocols. The first is the "maturity level" or STATE of standardization, one of "standard", "draft standard", "proposed standard", "experimental", "informational" or "historic". The second is the "requirement level" or STATUS of this protocol, one of "required", "recommended", "elective", "limited use", or "not recommended".

The status or requirement level is difficult to portray in a one word label. These status labels should be considered only as an indication, and a further description, or applicability statement, should be consulted.

When a protocol is advanced to proposed standard or draft standard, it is labeled with a current status.

At any given time a protocol occupies a cell of the following matrix. Protocols are likely to be in cells in about the following proportions (indicated by the relative number of Xs). A new protocol is most likely to start in the (proposed standard, elective) cell, or the (experimental, limited use) cell.

		STATUS				
		Req	Rec	Ele	Lim	Not
S	Std	+	XXX	+ xxx	+ 	++
T	Draft	X	X	XXX	<u> </u> 	
A	Prop		х	xxx 	' 	
T	Info	 	 	 +	 	 ++
_	Expr	į		İ	XXX	į į
E	Hist		+	+ +	+ 	++ xxx ++
			•		•	

What is a "system"?

Some protocols are particular to hosts and some to gateways; a few protocols are used in both. The definitions of the terms below will refer to a "system" which is either a host or a gateway (or both). It should be clear from the context of the particular protocol which types of systems are intended.

4.1. Definitions of Protocol State

Every protocol listed in this document is assigned to a "maturity level" or STATE of standardization: "standard", "draft standard", "proposed standard", "experimental", or "historic".

4.1.1. Standard Protocol

The IESG has established this as an official standard protocol for the Internet. These protocols are assigned STD numbers (see RFC-1311). These are separated into two groups: (1) IP protocol and above, protocols that apply to the whole Internet; and (2) network-specific protocols, generally specifications of how to do IP on particular types of networks.

4.1.2. Draft Standard Protocol

The IESG is actively considering this protocol as a possible Standard Protocol. Substantial and widespread testing and comment are desired. Comments and test results should be submitted to the IESG. There is a possibility that changes will be made in a Draft Standard Protocol before it becomes a Standard Protocol.

4.1.3. Proposed Standard Protocol

These are protocol proposals that may be considered by the IESG for standardization in the future. Implementation and testing by several groups is desirable. Revision of the protocol specification is likely.

4.1.4. Experimental Protocol

A system should not implement an experimental protocol unless it is participating in the experiment and has coordinated its use of the protocol with the developer of the protocol.

Typically, experimental protocols are those that are developed as part of an ongoing research project not related to an operational service offering. While they may be proposed as a service protocol at a later stage, and thus become proposed standard, draft standard, and then standard protocols, the designation of a protocol as experimental may sometimes be meant to suggest that the protocol, although perhaps mature, is not intended for operational use.

4.1.5. Informational Protocol

Protocols developed by other standard organizations, or vendors, or that are for other reasons outside the purview of the IESG, may be published as RFCs for the convenience of the Internet community as informational protocols.

4.1.6. Historic Protocol

These are protocols that are unlikely to ever become standards in the Internet either because they have been superseded by later developments or due to lack of interest.

4.2. Definitions of Protocol Status

This document lists a "requirement level" or STATUS for each protocol. The status is one of "required", "recommended", "elective", "limited use", or "not recommended".

4.2.1. Required Protocol

A system must implement the required protocols.

4.2.2. Recommended Protocol

A system should implement the recommended protocols.

4.2.3. Elective Protocol

A system may or may not implement an elective protocol. The general notion is that if you are going to do something like this, you must do exactly this. There may be several elective protocols in a general area, for example, there are several electronic mail protocols, and several routing protocols.

4.2.4. Limited Use Protocol

These protocols are for use in limited circumstances. This may be because of their experimental state, specialized nature, limited functionality, or historic state.

4.2.5. Not Recommended Protocol

These protocols are not recommended for general use. This may be because of their limited functionality, specialized nature, or experimental or historic state.

5. The Standards Track

This section discusses in more detail the procedures used by the RFC Editor and the IESG in making decisions about the labeling and publishing of protocols as standards.

5.1. The RFC Processing Decision Table

Here is the current decision table for processing submissions by the RFC Editor. The processing depends on who submitted it, and the status they want it to have.

+======================================	SOURCE						
Desired Status	IAB	IESG	IRSG	Other 			
 Standard or Draft Standard	Bogus (2)	Publish (1)	Bogus (2)	Bogus (2)			
 Proposed Standard	Refer (3)	Publish (1)	Refer (3)	Refer (3)			
Experimental Protocol	Notify (4)	Publish (1)	Notify (4)	Notify (4)			
 Information or Opinion Paper	Publish (1)	Publish (1)	Discretion	 Discretion (5)			

(1) Publish.

(2) Bogus. Inform the source of the rules. RFCs specifying Standard, or Draft Standard must come from the IESG, only.

Internet Architecture Board Standards Track

- (3) Refer to an Area Director for review by a WG. Expect to see the document again only after approval by the IESG.
- (4) Notify both the IESG and IRSG. If no concerns are raised in two weeks then do Discretion (5), else RFC Editor to resolve the concerns or do Refer (3).
- (5) RFC Editor's discretion. The RFC Editor decides if a review is needed and if so by whom. RFC Editor decides to publish or not.

Of course, in all cases the RFC Editor can request or make minor changes for style, format, and presentation purposes.

The IESG has designated the IESG Secretary as its agent for forwarding documents with IESG approval and for registering concerns in response to notifications (4) to the RFC Editor. Documents from Area Directors or Working Group Chairs may be considered in the same way as documents from "other".

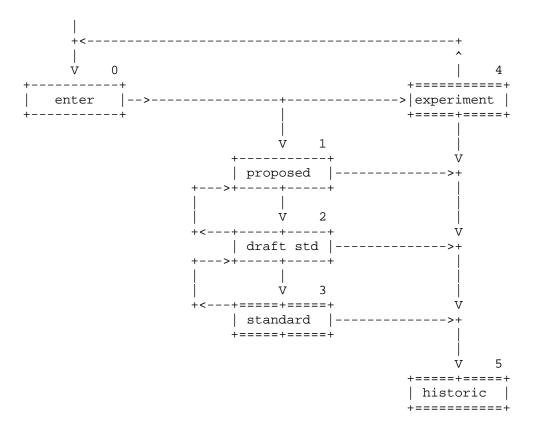
5.2. The Standards Track Diagram

There is a part of the STATUS and STATE categorization that is called the standards track. Actually, only the changes of state are significant to the progression along the standards track, though the status assignments may change as well.

The states illustrated by single line boxes are temporary states, those illustrated by double line boxes are long term states. A protocol will normally be expected to remain in a temporary state for several months (minimum six months for proposed standard, minimum four months for draft standard). A protocol may be in a long term state for many years.

A protocol may enter the standards track only on the recommendation of the IESG; and may move from one state to another along the track only on the recommendation of the IESG. That is, it takes action by the IESG to either start a protocol on the track or to move it along.

Generally, as the protocol enters the standards track a decision is made as to the eventual STATUS, requirement level or applicability (elective, recommended, or required) the protocol will have, although a somewhat less stringent current status may be assigned, and it then is placed in the the proposed standard STATE with that status. So the initial placement of a protocol is into state 1. At any time the STATUS decision may be revisited.



The transition from proposed standard (1) to draft standard (2) can only be by action of the IESG and only after the protocol has been proposed standard (1) for at least six months.

The transition from draft standard (2) to standard (3) can only be by action of the IESG and only after the protocol has been draft standard (2) for at least four months.

Occasionally, the decision may be that the protocol is not ready for standardization and will be assigned to the experimental state (4). This is off the standards track, and the protocol may be resubmitted to enter the standards track after further work. There are other paths into the experimental and historic states that do not involve IESG action.

Sometimes one protocol is replaced by another and thus becomes historic, or it may happen that a protocol on the standards track is in a sense overtaken by another protocol (or other events) and becomes historic (state 5).

6. The Protocols

Subsection 6.1 lists recent RFCs and other changes. Subsections 6.2 - 6.10 list the standards in groups by protocol state.

6.1. Recent Changes

6.1.1. New RFCs:

1920 - Internet Official Protocol Standards

This memo.

1918 - Address Allocation for Private Internets

This is a Best Current Practices document and does not specify any level of standard.

1917 - An Appeal to the Internet Community to Return Unused IP Networks (Prefixes) to the IANA

This is a Best Current Practices document and does not specify any level of standard.

1916 - Enterprise Renumbering: Experience and Information Solicitation

This is an information document and does not specify any level of standard.

1915 - Variance for The PPP Connection Control Protocol and The PPP Encryption Control Protocol

This is a Best Current Practices document and does not specify any level of standard.

1914 - How to Interact with a Whois++ Mesh

A Proposed Standard protocol.

1913 - Architecture of the Whois++ Index Service

A Proposed Standard protocol.

1912 - Common DNS Operational and Configuration Errors

This is an information document and does not specify any level of standard.

- 1911 Voice Profile for Internet Mail
 - An Experimental protocol.
- 1910 User-based Security Model for SNMPv2
 - An Experimental protocol.
- 1909 An Administrative Infrastructure for SNMPv2
 - An Experimental protocol.
- 1908 Coexistence between Version 1 and Version 2 of the Internet-standard Network Management Framework
 - A Draft Standard protocol.
- 1907 Management Information Base for Version 2 of the Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMPv2)
 - A Draft Standard protocol.
- 1906 Transport Mappings for Version 2 of the Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMPv2)
 - A Draft Standard protocol.
- 1905 Protocol Operations for Version 2 of the Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMPv2)
 - A Draft Standard protocol.
- 1904 Conformance Statements for Version 2 of the Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMPv2)
 - A Draft Standard protocol.
- 1903 Textual Conventions for Version 2 of the Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMPv2)
 - A Draft Standard protocol.
- 1902 Structure of Management Information for Version 2 of the Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMPv2)
 - A Draft Standard protocol.

1901 - Introduction to Community-based SNMPv2

An Experimental protocol.

1900 - Renumbering Needs Work

This is an information document and does not specify any level of standard.

1899 - not yet issued.

1898 - CyberCash Credit Card Protocol Version 0.8

This is an information document and does not specify any level of standard.

1897 - IPv6 Testing Address Allocation

An Experimental protocol.

1896 - The text/enriched MIME Content-type

This is an information document and does not specify any level of standard.

1895 - The Application/CALS-1840 Content-type

This is an information document and does not specify any level of standard.

1894 - An Extensible Message Format for Delivery Status Notifications

A Proposed Standard protocol.

1893 - Enhanced Mail System Status Codes

A Proposed Standard protocol.

1892 - The Multipart/Report Content Type for the Reporting of Mail System Administrative Messages

A Proposed Standard protocol.

1891 - SMTP Service Extension for Delivery Status Notifications

A Proposed Standard protocol.

- 1890 RTP Profile for Audio and Video Conferences with Minimal Control
 - A Proposed Standard protocol.
- 1889 RTP: A Transport Protocol for Real-Time Applications

 A Proposed Standard protocol.
- 1888 not yet issued.
- 1887 An Architecture for IPv6 Unicast Address Allocation

 This is an information document and does not specify any level of standard.
- 1886 DNS Extensions to support IP version 6

 A Proposed Standard protocol.
- 1885 Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMPv6) for the Internet Protocol Version 6 (IPv6)
 - A Proposed Standard protocol.
- 1884 IP Version 6 Addressing Architecture
 - A Proposed Standard protocol.
- 1883 Internet Protocol, Version 6 (IPv6) Specification

 A Proposed Standard protocol.
- 1882 The 12-Days of Technology Before Christmas

 This is an information document and does not specify any level of standard.
- 1881 IPv6 Address Allocation Management

 This is an information document and does not specify any level of standard.
- 1879 Class A Subnet Experiment Results and Recommendations

 This is an information document and does not specify any level of standard.

1878 - Variable Length Subnet Table For IPv4

This is an information document and does not specify any level of standard.

1877 - PPP Internet Protocol Control Protocol Extensions for Name Server Addresses

This is an information document and does not specify any level of standard.

1876 - A Means for Expressing Location Information in the Domain Name System

An Experimental protocol.

1875 - UNINETT PCA Policy Statements

This is an information document and does not specify any level of standard.

1874 - SGML Media Types

An Experimental protocol.

1873 - Message/External-Body Content-ID Access Type

An Experimental protocol.

1872 - The MIME Multipart/Related Content-type

An Experimental protocol.

1865 - EDI Meets the Internet Frequently Asked Questions about Electronic Data Interchange (EDI) on the Internet

This is an information document and does not specify any level of standard.

6.1.2. Other Changes:

The following are changes to protocols listed in the previous edition.

1451 - Manager to Manager Management Information Base
Moved to Historic.

Internet Architecture Board Standards Track

1447 - Party MIB for version 2 of the Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMPv2)

Moved to Historic.

1446 - Security Protocols for version 2 of the Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMPv2)

Moved to Historic.

1445 - Administrative Model for version 2 of the Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMPv2)

Moved to Historic.

1058 - Routing Information Protocol

Moved to Historic.

6.2. Standard Protocols

Protocol	Name	Status	_	STD *
	Internet Official Protocol Standards	Req	1920	1
	Assigned Numbers	Req	1700	2
	Host Requirements - Communications	Req	1122	3
	Host Requirements - Applications	Req	1123	3
IP	Internet Protocol	Req	791	5
IF	as amended by:	Req	171	5
	IP Subnet Extension	Req	950	5
	IP Broadcast Datagrams	Req	919	5
	IP Broadcast Datagrams with Subnets	Req	922	5
ICMP	Internet Control Message Protocol	Req	792	5
IGMP	Internet Group Multicast Protocol	Rec	1112	5
UDP	User Datagram Protocol	Rec	768	6
TCP	Transmission Control Protocol	Rec	793	7
	Telnet Protocol		54,855	8
TELNET FTP	File Transfer Protocol		959	9
	Simple Mail Transfer Protocol	Rec	821	10
SMTP	-	Rec	_	
SMTP-SIZE	SMTP Service Ext for Message Size	Rec	1870	10 10
SMTP-EXT	SMTP Service Extensions	Rec	1869	
MAIL	Format of Electronic Mail Messages	Rec	822	11
CONTENT	Content Type Header Field	Rec	1049	11 12
NTPV2	Network Time Protocol (Version 2)	Rec	1119	13
DOMAIN	Domain Name System	Rec 103		
DNS-MX	Mail Routing and the Domain System	Rec	974	14
SNMP	Simple Network Management Protocol	Rec	1157	15
SMI	Structure of Management Information	Rec	1155	16
	B Concise MIB Definitions	Rec	1212	16
MIB-II	Management Information Base-II	Rec	1213	17
NETBIOS	NetBIOS Service Protocols	Ele 100		19
ECHO	Echo Protocol	Rec	862	20
DISCARD	Discard Protocol	Ele	863	21
CHARGEN	Character Generator Protocol	Ele	864	22
QUOTE	Quote of the Day Protocol	Ele	865	23
USERS	Active Users Protocol	Ele	866	24
DAYTIME	Daytime Protocol	Ele	867	25
TIME	Time Server Protocol	Ele	868	26
TFTP	Trivial File Transfer Protocol	Ele	1350	33
TP-TCP	ISO Transport Service on top of the TCP	Ele	1006	35
ETHER-MIB	Ethernet MIB	Ele	1643	50
PPP	Point-to-Point Protocol (PPP)	Ele	1661	_
PPP-HDLC	PPP in HDLC Framing	Ele	1662	51
IP-SMDS	IP Datagrams over the SMDS Service	Ele	1209	52

[Note: an asterisk at the end of a line indicates a change from the previous edition of this document.]

Applicability Statements:

IGMP -- The Internet Architecture Board intends to move towards general adoption of IP multicasting, as a more efficient solution than broadcasting for many applications. The host interface has been standardized in RFC-1112; however, multicast-routing gateways are in the experimental stage and are not widely available. An Internet host should support all of RFC-1112, except for the IGMP protocol itself which is optional; see RFC-1122 for more details. Even without IGMP, implementation of RFC-1112 will provide an important advance: IP-layer access to local network multicast addressing. It is expected that IGMP will become recommended for all hosts and gateways at some future date.

SMI, MIB-II SNMP -- The Internet Architecture Board recommends that all IP and TCP implementations be network manageable. At the current time, this implies implementation of the Internet MIB-II (RFC-1213), and at least the recommended management protocol SNMP (RFC-1157).

RIP -- The Routing Information Protocol (RIP) is widely implemented and used in the Internet. However, both implementors and users should be aware that RIP has some serious technical limitations as a routing protocol. The IETF is currently devpeloping several candidates for a new standard "open" routing protocol with better properties than RIP. The IAB urges the Internet community to track these developments, and to implement the new protocol when it is standardized; improved Internet service will result for many users.

TP-TCP -- As OSI protocols become more widely implemented and used, there will be an increasing need to support interoperation with the TCP/IP protocols. The Internet Engineering Task Force is formulating strategies for interoperation. RFC-1006 provides one interoperation mode, in which TCP/IP is used to emulate TPO in order to support OSI applications. Hosts that wish to run OSI connection-oriented applications in this mode should use the procedure described in RFC-1006. In the future, the IAB expects that a major portion of the Internet will support both TCP/IP and OSI (inter-)network protocols in parallel, and it will then be possible to run OSI applications across the Internet using full OSI protocol "stacks".

6.3. Network-Specific Standard Protocols

All Network-Specific Standards have Elective status.

Protocol	Name	State	RFC	STD *
=======		=====	=====	=== =
IP-ATM	Classical IP and ARP over ATM	Prop	1577	
IP-FR	Multiprotocol over Frame Relay	Draft	1490	
ATM-ENCAP	Multiprotocol Encapsulation over ATM	Prop	1483	
IP-TR-MC	IP Multicast over Token-Ring LANs	Prop	1469	
IP-FDDI	Transmission of IP and ARP over FDDI Net	Std	1390	36
IP-HIPPI	IP and ARP on HIPPI	Prop	1374	
IP-X.25	X.25 and ISDN in the Packet Mode	Draft	1356	
IP-FDDI	Internet Protocol on FDDI Networks	Draft	1188	
ARP	Address Resolution Protocol	Std	826	37
RARP	A Reverse Address Resolution Protocol	Std	903	38
IP-ARPA	Internet Protocol on ARPANET	Std BB	N1822	39
IP-WB	Internet Protocol on Wideband Network	Std	907	40
IP-E	Internet Protocol on Ethernet Networks	Std	894	41
IP-EE	Internet Protocol on Exp. Ethernet Nets	Std	895	42
IP-IEEE	Internet Protocol on IEEE 802	Std	1042	43
IP-DC	Internet Protocol on DC Networks	Std	891	44
IP-HC	Internet Protocol on Hyperchannel	Std	1044	45
IP-ARC	Transmitting IP Traffic over ARCNET Nets	Std	1201	46
IP-SLIP	Transmission of IP over Serial Lines	Std	1055	47
IP-NETBIOS	Transmission of IP over NETBIOS	Std	1088	48
IP-IPX	Transmission of 802.2 over IPX Networks	Std	1132	49

[Note: an asterisk at the end of a line indicates a change from the previous edition of this document.]

Applicability Statements:

It is expected that a system will support one or more physical networks and for each physical network supported the appropriate protocols from the above list must be supported. That is, it is elective to support any particular type of physical network, and for the physical networks actually supported it is required that they be supported exactly according to the protocols in the above list. See also the Host and Gateway Requirements RFCs for more specific information on network-specific ("link layer") protocols.

6.4. Draft Standard Protocols

Protocol	Name	Status	RFC
=======			
COEX-MIB	Coexistence between SNMPV1 & SNMPV2	Elective	1908*
	MIB for SNMPv2	Elective	1907*
TRANS-MIB	Transport Mappings for SNMPv2	Elective	1906*
OPS-MIB	Protocol Operations for SNMPv2	Elective	1905*
CONF-MIB	Conformance Statements for SNMPv2	Elective	1904*
CONV-MIB	Textual Conventions for SNMPv2	Elective	1903*
SMIV2	SMI for SNMPv2	Elective	1902*
CON-MD5	Content-MD5 Header Field	Elective	1864
OSPF-MIB	OSPF Version 2 MIB	Elective	1850
STR-REP	String Representation	Elective	1779
X.500syn	X.500 String Representation	Elective	1778
X.500lite	X.500 Lightweight	Elective	1777
BGP-4-APP	Application of BGP-4	Elective	1772
BGP-4	Border Gateway Protocol 4	Elective	1771
PPP-DNCP	PPP DECnet Phase IV Control Protocol	Elective	1762
RMON-MIB	Remote Network Monitoring MIB	Elective	1757
802.5-MIB	IEEE 802.5 Token Ring MIB	Elective	1748
BGP-4-MIB	BGP-4 MIB	Elective	1657
POP3	Post Office Protocol, Version 3	Elective	1725
RIP2-MIB	RIP Version 2 MIB Extension	Elective	1724
RIP2	RIP Version 2-Carrying Additional Info.	Elective	1723
RIP2-APP	RIP Version 2 Protocol App. Statement	Elective	1722
SIP-MIB	SIP Interface Type MIB	Elective	1694
	Def Man Objs Parallel-printer-like	Elective	1660
	Def Man Objs RS-232-like	Elective	1659
	Def Man Objs Character Stream	Elective	1658
SMTP-8BIT	SMTP Service Ext or 8bit-MIMEtransport	Elective	1652
OSI-NSAP	Guidelines for OSI NSAP Allocation	Elective	1629
OSPF2	Open Shortest Path First Routing V2	Elective	1583
ISO-TS-ECHO	Echo for ISO-8473	Elective	1575
DECNET-MIB	DECNET MIB	Elective	1559
	Message Header Ext. of Non-ASCII Text	Elective	1522
MIME	Multipurpose Internet Mail Extensions	Elective	1521
802.3-MIB	IEEE 802.3 Repeater MIB	Elective	1516
BRIDGE-MIB	-	Elective	1493
NTPV3	Network Time Protocol (Version 3)	Elective	1305
IP-MTU	Path MTU Discovery	Elective	1191
FINGER	Finger Protocol	Elective	1288
BOOTP	Bootstrap Protocol	Recommended 9	
NICNAME	WhoIs Protocol	Elective	954
T4 T () T41 11.1TI	111010 1100001	TTCCCT VC	751

[Note: an asterisk at the end of a line indicates a change from the previous edition of this document.]

Applicability Statements:

PPP -- Point to Point Protocol is a method of sending IP over serial lines, which are a type of physical network. It is anticipated that PPP will be advanced to the network-specifics standard protocol state in the future.

6.5. Proposed Standard Protocols

Protocol	Name	Status	RFC
WHOIS++M	How to Interact with a Whois++ Mesh	Elective	1914*
WHOIS++A	Architecture of Whois++ Index Service	Elective	1913*
DSN	Delivery Status Notifications	Elective	1894*
EMS-CODE	Enhanced Mail System Status Codes	Elective	1893*
MIME-RPT	Multipart/Report	Elective	1892*
SMTP-DSN	SMTP Delivery Status Notifications	Elective	1891*
RTP-AV	RTP Audio/Video Profile	Elective	1890*
RTP	Transport Protocol for Real-Time Apps	Elective	1889*
DNS-IPV6	DNS Extensions to support IPv6	Elective	1886*
ICMPv6	ICMPv6 for IPv6	Elective	1885*
IPV6-Addr	IPv6 Addressing Architecture	Elective	1884*
IPV6	IPv6 Specification	Elective	1883*
HTML	Hypertext Markup Language - 2.0	Elective	1866
SMTP-Pipe	SMTP Serv. Ext. for Command Pipelining	Elective	1854
MIME-Sec	MIME Object Security Services	Elective	1848
MIME-Encyp		Elective	1847
WHOIS++	Architecture of the WHOIS++ service	Elective	1835
	Binding Protocols for ONC RPC Version 2	Elective	1833
XDR	External Data Representation Standard	Elective	1832
RPC	Remote Procedure Call Protocol V. 2	Elective	1831
	ESP DES-CBC Transform	Ele/Req	1829
	IP Authentication using Keyed MD5	Ele/Req	1828
ESP	IP Encapsulating Security Payload	Ele/Req	1827
IPV6-AH	IP Authentication Header	Ele/Req	1826
	Security Architecture for IP	Ele/Req	1825
RREQ	Requirements for IP Version 4 Routers	Elective	1812
URL	Relative Uniform Resource Locators	Elective	1808
CLDAP	Connection-less LDAP	Elective	1798
OSPF-DC	Ext. OSPF to Support Demand Circuits	Elective	1793
TMUX	Transport Multiplexing Protocol	Elective	1692
TFTP-Opt	TFTP Options	Elective	1784
TFTP-Blk	TFTP Blocksize Option	Elective	1783
TFTP-Ext	TFTP Option Extension	Elective	1782
OSI-Dir	OSI User Friendly Naming	Elective	1781
MIME-EDI	MIME Encapsulation of EDI Objects	Elective	1767
Lang-Tag	Tags for Identification of Languages	Elective	1766
XNSCP	PPP XNS IDP Control Protocol	Elective	1764

BVCP	PPP Banyan Vines Control Protocol	Elective	1763
Print-MIB	Printer MIB	Elective	1759
ATM-SIG	ATM Signaling Support for IP over ATM	Elective	1755
IPNG	Recommendation for IP Next Generation	Elective	1752
802.5-SSR	802.5 SSR MIB using SMIv2	Elective	1749
SDLCSMIv2	SNADLC SDLC MIB using SMIv2	Elective	1747
BGP4/IDRP	BGP4/IDRP for IP/OSPF Interaction	Elective	1745
AT-MIB	Appletalk MIB	Elective	1742
MacMIME	MIME Encapsulation of Macintosh files	Elective	1740
URL	Uniform Resource Locators	Elective	1738
POP3-AUTH	POP3 AUTHentication command	Elective	1734
IMAP4-AUTH	IMAP4 Authentication Mechanisms	Elective	1731
IMAP4	Internet Message Access Protocol V4	Elective	1730
PPP-MP	PPP Multilink Protocol	Elective	1717
RDBMS-MIB	RDMS MIB - using SMIv2	Elective	1697
MODEM-MIB	Modem MIB - using SMIv2	Elective	1696
ATM-MIB	ATM Management Version 8.0 using SMIv2	Elective	1695
SNANAU-MIB		Elective	1665
PPP-TRANS	PPP Reliable Transmission	Elective	1663
BGP-4-IMP	BGP-4 Roadmap and Implementation	Elective	1656
	Postmaster Convention X.400 Operations	Elective	1648
TN3270-En	TN3270 Enhancements	Elective	1647
PPP-BCP	PPP Bridging Control Protocol	Elective	1638
UPS-MIB	UPS Management Information Base	Elective	1628
AAL5-MTU	Default IP MTU for use over ATM AAL5	Elective	1626
PPP-SONET	PPP over SONET/SDH	Elective	1619
PPP-ISDN	PPP over ISDN	Elective	1618
DNS-R-MIB	DNS Resolver MIB Extensions	Elective	1612
DNS-S-MIB	DNS Server MIB Extensions	Elective	1611
FR-MIB	Frame Relay Service MIB	Elective	1604
PPP-X25	PPP in X.25	Elective	1598
OSPF-NSSA	The OSPF NSSA Option	Elective	1587
	Multicast Extensions to OSPF	Elective	1584
SONET-MIB	MIB SONET/SDH Interface Type	Elective	1595
RIP-DC	Extensions to RIP to Support Demand Cir.		1582
	Evolution of the Interfaces Group of MIB-		1573
PPP-LCP	PPP LCP Extensions	Elective	1570
X500-MIB	X.500 Directory Monitoring MIB	Elective	1567
MAIL-MIB	Mail Monitoring MIB	Elective	1566
NSM-MIB	Network Services Monitoring MIB	Elective	1565
CIPX	Compressing IPX Headers Over WAM Media	Elective	1553
			1552
IPXCP	PPP Internetworking Packet Exchange Conti	Elective	
DHCP-BOOTP			1534
	DHCP Options and BOOTP Vendor Extensions		1533
BOOTP	Clarifications and Extensions BOOTP Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol	Elective	1532
DHCP	•	Elective	1541
SRB-MIB	Source Routing Bridge MIB	Elective	1525
CIDR-STRA	CIDR Address Assignment	Elective	1519

CIDR-ARCH	CIDR Architecture	Elective	1518
CIDR-APP	CIDR Applicability Statement	Elective	1517
	802.3 MAU MIB	Elective	1515
HOST-MIB	Host Resources MIB	Elective	1514
	Token Ring Extensions to RMON MIB	Elective	1513
FDDI-MIB	FDDI Management Information Base	Elective	1512
KERBEROS	Kerberos Network Authentication Ser (V5)	Elective	1510
GSSAPI	Generic Security Service API: C-bindings	Elective	1509
GSSAPI	Generic Security Service Application	Elective	1508
DASS	Distributed Authentication Security	Elective	1507
	X.400 Use of Extended Character Sets	Elective	1502
HARPOON	Rules for Downgrading Messages	Elective	1496
Mapping	MHS/RFC-822 Message Body Mapping	Elective	1495
Equiv	X.400/MIME Body Equivalences	Elective	1494
IDPR	Inter-Domain Policy Routing Protocol	Elective	1479
IDPR-ARCH	Architecture for IDPR	Elective	1478
PPP/Bridge	MIB Bridge PPP MIB	Elective	1474
PPP/IP MIB	IP Network Control Protocol of PPP MIB	Elective	1473
•	B Security Protocols of PPP MIB	Elective	1472
	B Link Control Protocol of PPP MIB	Elective	1471
X25-MIB	Multiprotocol Interconnect on X.25 MIB	Elective	1461
SNMPv2	Coexistence between SNMPv1 and SNMPv2	Elective	1452
SNMPv2	Management Information Base for SNMPv2	Elective	1450
SNMPv2	Transport Mappings for SNMPv2	Elective	1449
SNMPv2	Protocol Operations for SNMPv2	Elective	1448
SNMPv2	Conformance Statements for SNMPv2	Elective	1444
SNMPv2	Textual Conventions for SNMPv2	Elective	1443
SNMPv2	SMI for SNMPv2	Elective	1442
SNMPv2	Introduction to SNMPv2	Elective	1441
PEM-KEY	PEM - Key Certification	Elective	1424
PEM-ALG	PEM - Algorithms, Modes, and Identifiers		1423
PEM-CKM	PEM - Certificate-Based Key Management	Elective	1422
PEM-ENC	PEM - Message Encryption and Auth	Elective	1421
SNMP-IPX	SNMP over IPX	Elective	1421
SNMP-IFX SNMP-AT		Elective	1419
	SNMP over AppleTalk SNMP over OSI	Elective	1419
SNMP-OSI			
FTP-FTAM	FTP-FTAM Gateway Specification	Elective	1415
IDENT-MIB	Identification MIB	Elective	1414
IDENT	Identification Protocol	Elective	1413
	DS3/E3 Interface Type	Elective	1407
	DS1/E1 Interface Type	Elective	1406
BGP-OSPF	BGP OSPF Interaction	Elective	1403
	Route Advertisement In BGP2 And BGP3	Elective	1397
SNMP-X.25	SNMP MIB Extension for X.25 Packet Layer		1382
SNMP-LAPB	SNMP MIB Extension for X.25 LAPB	Elective	1381
PPP-ATCP	PPP AppleTalk Control Protocol	Elective	1378
	PPP OSI Network Layer Control Protocol	Elective	1377
TABLE-MIB	IP Forwarding Table MIB	Elective	1354

SNMP-SEC SNMP Security Protocols SNMP-ADMIN SNMP Administrative Model Elective 1351 TOS Type of Service in the Internet Elective 1349 PPP-AUTH PPP Authentication Elective 1333 PPP-LINK PPP Link Quality Monitoring Elective 1333 PPP-IPCP PPP Control Protocol Elective 1332 X.400 1988 to 1984 downgrading Elective 1328 Mapping between X.400(1988) Elective 1327 TCP-EXT TCP Extensions for High Performance Elective 1325 FRAME-MIB Management Information Base for Frame Elective 1315 NETFAX File Format for the Exchange of Images Elective 1314 IARP Inverse Address Resolution Protocol Elective 1293 FDDI-MIB FDDI-MIB Encoding Network Addresses Elective 1277 Replication and Distributed Operations Elective 1276 COSINE and Internet X.500 Schema Elective 1276 BGP-MIB Border Gateway Protocol MIB (Version 3) Elective 1269 ICMP-ROUT ICMP Router Discovery Messages Elective 1266 IPSO DOD Security Options for IP Elective 1286 IPSO DOD Security Options for IP Elective 1290 STD-MIBS Reassignment of Exp MIBs to Std MIBs Elective 1290 IPX-IP Tunneling IPX Traffic through IP Nets Elective 1239 IPX-IP Tunneling IPX Traffic through IP Nets Elective 1239 IPX-IP Stensions to the Generic-Interface MIB Elective 1229 IS-IS OSI IS-IS for TCP/IP Dual Environments Elective 1195 IP-CMPRS Compressing TCP/IP Headers Elective 1144 NNTP Network News Transfer Protocol Elective 977	SNMP-PARTY-	-MIB Administration of SNMP	Elective	1353
TOS Type of Service in the Internet Elective 1349 PPP-AUTH PPP Authentication Elective 1334 PPP-LINK PPP Link Quality Monitoring Elective 1333 PPP-IPCP PPP Control Protocol Elective 1332 X.400 1988 to 1984 downgrading Elective 1328 Mapping between X.400(1988) Elective 1327 TCP-EXT TCP Extensions for High Performance Elective 1323 FRAME-MIB Management Information Base for Frame Elective 1315 NETFAX File Format for the Exchange of Images Elective 1314 IARP Inverse Address Resolution Protocol Elective 1293 FDDI-MIB FDDI-MIB Elective 1285 Encoding Network Addresses Elective 1277 Replication and Distributed Operations Elective 1276 COSINE and Internet X.500 Schema Elective 1276 BGP-MIB Border Gateway Protocol MIB (Version 3) Elective 1276 ICMP-ROUT ICMP Router Discovery Messages Elective 1269 ICMP-ROUT ICMP Router Discovery Messages Elective 1256 IPSO DOD Security Options for IP Elective 108 STD-MIBS Reassignment of Exp MIBs to Std MIBs Elective 1240 STD-MIB Reassignment of Exp MIBs to Std MIBs Elective 1239 IPX-IP Tunneling IPX Traffic through IP Nets Elective 1239 IS-IS OSI IS-IS for TCP/IP Dual Environments Elective 1229 IS-IS OSI IS-IS for TCP/IP Dual Environments Elective 1195 IP-CMPRS Compressing TCP/IP Headers Elective 1144	SNMP-SEC	SNMP Security Protocols	Elective	1352
PPP-AUTH PPP Authentication Elective 1334 PPP-LINK PPP Link Quality Monitoring Elective 1333 PPP-IPCP PPP Control Protocol Elective 1332 X.400 1988 to 1984 downgrading Elective 1328 Mapping between X.400(1988) Elective 1327 TCP-EXT TCP Extensions for High Performance Elective 1323 FRAME-MIB Management Information Base for Frame Elective 1315 NETFAX File Format for the Exchange of Images Elective 1314 ARP Inverse Address Resolution Protocol Elective 1293 FDDI-MIB FDDI-MIB Elective 1285 Encoding Network Addresses Elective 1277 Replication and Distributed Operations Elective 1276 COSINE and Internet X.500 Schema Elective 1274 BGP-MIB Border Gateway Protocol MIB (Version 3) Elective 1269 ICMP-ROUT ICMP Router Discovery Messages Elective 1256 IPSO DOD Security Options for IP Elective 108 OSI-UDP OSI TS on UDP STD-MIBS Reassignment of Exp MIBs to Std MIBs Elective 1239 IPX-IP Tunneling IPX Traffic through IP Nets Elective 1234 GINT-MIB Extensions to the Generic-Interface MIB Elective 1234 GINT-MIB Extensions to the Generic-Interface MIB Elective 1295 IP-CMPRS Compressing TCP/IP Headers Elective 1144	SNMP-ADMIN	SNMP Administrative Model	Elective	1351
PPP-LINK PPP Link Quality Monitoring Elective 1333 PPP-IPCP PPP Control Protocol Elective 1332 X.400 1988 to 1984 downgrading Elective 1328 Mapping between X.400(1988) Elective 1327 TCP-EXT TCP Extensions for High Performance Elective 1323 FRAME-MIB Management Information Base for Frame Elective 1315 NETFAX File Format for the Exchange of Images Elective 1314 IARP Inverse Address Resolution Protocol Elective 1293 FDDI-MIB FDDI-MIB Encoding Network Addresses Elective 1285 Encoding Network Addresses Elective 1277 Replication and Distributed Operations Elective 1276 COSINE and Internet X.500 Schema Elective 1274 BGP-MIB Border Gateway Protocol MIB (Version 3) Elective 1269 ICMP-ROUT ICMP Router Discovery Messages Elective 1256 IPSO DOD Security Options for IP Elective 1269 STD-MIBs Reassignment of Exp MIBs to Std MIBs Elective 1240 STD-MIBs Reassignment of Exp MIBs to Std MIBs Elective 1239 IPX-IP Tunneling IPX Traffic through IP Nets Elective 1234 GINT-MIB Extensions to the Generic-Interface MIB Elective 1229 IS-IS OSI IS-IS for TCP/IP Dual Environments Elective 1195 IP-CMPRS Compressing TCP/IP Headers Elective 1144	TOS	Type of Service in the Internet	Elective	1349
PPP-IPCP PPP Control Protocol Elective 1332 X.400 1988 to 1984 downgrading Elective 1328 Mapping between X.400(1988) Elective 1327 TCP-EXT TCP Extensions for High Performance Elective 1323 FRAME-MIB Management Information Base for Frame Elective 1315 NETFAX File Format for the Exchange of Images Elective 1314 IARP Inverse Address Resolution Protocol Elective 1293 FDDI-MIB FDDI-MIB Encoding Network Addresses Elective 1285 Encoding Network Addresses Elective 1277 Replication and Distributed Operations Elective 1276 COSINE and Internet X.500 Schema Elective 1274 BGP-MIB Border Gateway Protocol MIB (Version 3) Elective 1269 ICMP-ROUT ICMP Router Discovery Messages Elective 1266 IPSO DoD Security Options for IP Elective 1108 OSI-UDP OSI TS on UDP Elective 1240 STD-MIBs Reassignment of Exp MIBs to Std MIBs Elective 1239 IPX-IP Tunneling IPX Traffic through IP Nets Elective 1234 GINT-MIB Extensions to the Generic-Interface MIB Elective 1229 IS-IS OSI IS-IS for TCP/IP Dual Environments Elective 1195 IP-CMPRS Compressing TCP/IP Headers Elective 1144	PPP-AUTH	PPP Authentication	Elective	1334
X.400 1988 to 1984 downgrading Elective 1328 Mapping between X.400(1988) Elective 1327 TCP-EXT TCP Extensions for High Performance Elective 1323 FRAME-MIB Management Information Base for Frame Elective 1315 NETFAX File Format for the Exchange of Images Elective 1314 IARP Inverse Address Resolution Protocol Elective 1293 FDDI-MIB FDDI-MIB Elective 1285 Encoding Network Addresses Elective 1277 Replication and Distributed Operations Elective 1276 COSINE and Internet X.500 Schema Elective 1274 BGP-MIB Border Gateway Protocol MIB (Version 3) Elective 1269 ICMP-ROUT ICMP Router Discovery Messages Elective 1256 IPSO DoD Security Options for IP Elective 108 OSI-UDP OSI TS on UDP Elective 1240 STD-MIBs Reassignment of Exp MIBs to Std MIBs Elective 1239 IPX-IP Tunneling IPX Traffic through IP Nets Elective 1234 GINT-MIB Extensions to the Generic-Interface MIB Elective 1229 IS-IS OSI IS-IS for TCP/IP Dual Environments Elective 1195 IP-CMPRS Compressing TCP/IP Headers Elective 1144	PPP-LINK	PPP Link Quality Monitoring	Elective	1333
TCP-EXT TCP Extensions for High Performance Elective 1323 FRAME-MIB Management Information Base for Frame Elective 1315 NETFAX File Format for the Exchange of Images Elective 1314 IARP Inverse Address Resolution Protocol Elective 1293 FDDI-MIB FDDI-MIB Elective 1285 Encoding Network Addresses Elective 1277 Replication and Distributed Operations Elective 1276 COSINE and Internet X.500 Schema Elective 1274 BGP-MIB Border Gateway Protocol MIB (Version 3) Elective 1269 ICMP-ROUT ICMP Router Discovery Messages Elective 1256 IPSO DoD Security Options for IP Elective 1240 STD-MIBs Reassignment of Exp MIBs to Std MIBs Elective 1239 IPX-IP Tunneling IPX Traffic through IP Nets Elective 1234 GINT-MIB Extensions to the Generic-Interface MIB Elective 1229 IS-IS OSI IS-IS for TCP/IP Dual Environments Elective 1195 IP-CMPRS Compressing TCP/IP Headers Elective 1144	PPP-IPCP	PPP Control Protocol	Elective	1332
TCP-EXT TCP Extensions for High Performance Elective 1323 FRAME-MIB Management Information Base for Frame Elective 1315 NETFAX File Format for the Exchange of Images Elective 1314 IARP Inverse Address Resolution Protocol Elective 1293 FDDI-MIB FDDI-MIB Elective 1285 Encoding Network Addresses Elective 1277 Replication and Distributed Operations Elective 1276 COSINE and Internet X.500 Schema Elective 1274 BGP-MIB Border Gateway Protocol MIB (Version 3) Elective 1269 ICMP-ROUT ICMP Router Discovery Messages Elective 1256 IPSO DOD Security Options for IP Elective 1108 OSI-UDP OSI TS on UDP Elective 1240 STD-MIBs Reassignment of Exp MIBs to Std MIBs Elective 1239 IPX-IP Tunneling IPX Traffic through IP Nets Elective 1234 GINT-MIB Extensions to the Generic-Interface MIB Elective 1229 IS-IS OSI IS-IS for TCP/IP Dual Environments Elective 1195 IP-CMPRS Compressing TCP/IP Headers Elective 1144		X.400 1988 to 1984 downgrading	Elective	1328
FRAME-MIB Management Information Base for Frame Elective 1315 NETFAX File Format for the Exchange of Images Elective 1314 IARP Inverse Address Resolution Protocol Elective 1293 FDDI-MIB FDDI-MIB Elective 1285 Encoding Network Addresses Elective 1277 Replication and Distributed Operations Elective 1276 COSINE and Internet X.500 Schema Elective 1274 BGP-MIB Border Gateway Protocol MIB (Version 3) Elective 1269 ICMP-ROUT ICMP Router Discovery Messages Elective 1256 IPSO DoD Security Options for IP Elective 1108 OSI-UDP OSI TS on UDP Elective 1240 STD-MIBS Reassignment of Exp MIBs to Std MIBs Elective 1239 IPX-IP Tunneling IPX Traffic through IP Nets Elective 1234 GINT-MIB Extensions to the Generic-Interface MIB Elective 1229 IS-IS OSI IS-IS for TCP/IP Dual Environments Elective 1195 IP-CMPRS Compressing TCP/IP Headers Elective 1144		Mapping between X.400(1988)	Elective	1327
NETFAX File Format for the Exchange of Images Elective 1314 IARP Inverse Address Resolution Protocol Elective 1293 FDDI-MIB FDDI-MIB Elective 1285 Encoding Network Addresses Elective 1277 Replication and Distributed Operations Elective 1276 COSINE and Internet X.500 Schema Elective 1274 BGP-MIB Border Gateway Protocol MIB (Version 3) Elective 1269 ICMP-ROUT ICMP Router Discovery Messages Elective 1256 IPSO DoD Security Options for IP Elective 1108 OSI-UDP OSI TS on UDP Elective 1240 STD-MIBS Reassignment of Exp MIBs to Std MIBs Elective 1239 IPX-IP Tunneling IPX Traffic through IP Nets Elective 1234 GINT-MIB Extensions to the Generic-Interface MIB Elective 1229 IS-IS OSI IS-IS for TCP/IP Dual Environments Elective 1195 IP-CMPRS Compressing TCP/IP Headers Elective 1144	TCP-EXT	TCP Extensions for High Performance	Elective	1323
IARP Inverse Address Resolution Protocol Elective 1293 FDDI-MIB FDDI-MIB Elective 1285 Encoding Network Addresses Elective 1277 Replication and Distributed Operations Elective 1276 COSINE and Internet X.500 Schema Elective 1274 BGP-MIB Border Gateway Protocol MIB (Version 3) Elective 1269 ICMP-ROUT ICMP Router Discovery Messages Elective 1256 IPSO DoD Security Options for IP Elective 1108 OSI-UDP OSI TS on UDP Elective 1240 STD-MIBS Reassignment of Exp MIBs to Std MIBs Elective 1239 IPX-IP Tunneling IPX Traffic through IP Nets Elective 1234 GINT-MIB Extensions to the Generic-Interface MIB Elective 1229 IS-IS OSI IS-IS for TCP/IP Dual Environments Elective 1195 IP-CMPRS Compressing TCP/IP Headers Elective 1144	FRAME-MIB	Management Information Base for Frame	Elective	1315
FDDI-MIB FDDI-MIB Elective 1285 Encoding Network Addresses Elective 1277 Replication and Distributed Operations Elective 1276 COSINE and Internet X.500 Schema Elective 1274 BGP-MIB Border Gateway Protocol MIB (Version 3) Elective 1269 ICMP-ROUT ICMP Router Discovery Messages Elective 1256 IPSO DoD Security Options for IP Elective 1108 OSI-UDP OSI TS on UDP Elective 1240 STD-MIBS Reassignment of Exp MIBs to Std MIBs Elective 1239 IPX-IP Tunneling IPX Traffic through IP Nets Elective 1234 GINT-MIB Extensions to the Generic-Interface MIB Elective 1229 IS-IS OSI IS-IS for TCP/IP Dual Environments Elective 1195 IP-CMPRS Compressing TCP/IP Headers Elective 1144	NETFAX	File Format for the Exchange of Images	Elective	1314
Encoding Network Addresses Elective 1277 Replication and Distributed Operations Elective 1276 COSINE and Internet X.500 Schema Elective 1274 BGP-MIB Border Gateway Protocol MIB (Version 3) Elective 1269 ICMP-ROUT ICMP Router Discovery Messages Elective 1256 IPSO DoD Security Options for IP Elective 1108 OSI-UDP OSI TS on UDP Elective 1240 STD-MIBS Reassignment of Exp MIBs to Std MIBs Elective 1239 IPX-IP Tunneling IPX Traffic through IP Nets Elective 1234 GINT-MIB Extensions to the Generic-Interface MIB Elective 1229 IS-IS OSI IS-IS for TCP/IP Dual Environments Elective 1195 IP-CMPRS Compressing TCP/IP Headers Elective 1144	IARP	Inverse Address Resolution Protocol	Elective	
Replication and Distributed Operations Elective 1276 COSINE and Internet X.500 Schema Elective 1274 BGP-MIB Border Gateway Protocol MIB (Version 3) Elective 1269 ICMP-ROUT ICMP Router Discovery Messages Elective 1256 IPSO DoD Security Options for IP Elective 1108 OSI-UDP OSI TS on UDP Elective 1240 STD-MIBS Reassignment of Exp MIBs to Std MIBs Elective 1239 IPX-IP Tunneling IPX Traffic through IP Nets Elective 1234 GINT-MIB Extensions to the Generic-Interface MIB Elective 1229 IS-IS OSI IS-IS for TCP/IP Dual Environments Elective 1195 IP-CMPRS Compressing TCP/IP Headers Elective 1144	FDDI-MIB	FDDI-MIB	Elective	1285
COSINE and Internet X.500 Schema Elective 1274 BGP-MIB Border Gateway Protocol MIB (Version 3) Elective 1269 ICMP-ROUT ICMP Router Discovery Messages Elective 1256 IPSO DOD Security Options for IP Elective 1108 OSI-UDP OSI TS on UDP Elective 1240 STD-MIBS Reassignment of Exp MIBs to Std MIBs Elective 1239 IPX-IP Tunneling IPX Traffic through IP Nets Elective 1234 GINT-MIB Extensions to the Generic-Interface MIB Elective 1229 IS-IS OSI IS-IS for TCP/IP Dual Environments Elective 1195 IP-CMPRS Compressing TCP/IP Headers Elective 1144			Elective	1277
BGP-MIB Border Gateway Protocol MIB (Version 3) Elective 1269 ICMP-ROUT ICMP Router Discovery Messages Elective 1256 IPSO DoD Security Options for IP Elective 1108 OSI-UDP OSI TS on UDP Elective 1240 STD-MIBS Reassignment of Exp MIBs to Std MIBs Elective 1239 IPX-IP Tunneling IPX Traffic through IP Nets Elective 1234 GINT-MIB Extensions to the Generic-Interface MIB Elective 1229 IS-IS OSI IS-IS for TCP/IP Dual Environments Elective 1195 IP-CMPRS Compressing TCP/IP Headers Elective 1144		Replication and Distributed Operations	Elective	1276
ICMP-ROUT ICMP Router Discovery Messages Elective 1256 IPSO DoD Security Options for IP Elective 1108 OSI-UDP OSI TS on UDP Elective 1240 STD-MIBS Reassignment of Exp MIBs to Std MIBs Elective 1239 IPX-IP Tunneling IPX Traffic through IP Nets Elective 1234 GINT-MIB Extensions to the Generic-Interface MIB Elective 1229 IS-IS OSI IS-IS for TCP/IP Dual Environments Elective 1195 IP-CMPRS Compressing TCP/IP Headers Elective 1144			Elective	1274
IPSO DoD Security Options for IP Elective 1108 OSI-UDP OSI TS on UDP Elective 1240 STD-MIBS Reassignment of Exp MIBs to Std MIBs Elective 1239 IPX-IP Tunneling IPX Traffic through IP Nets Elective 1234 GINT-MIB Extensions to the Generic-Interface MIB Elective 1229 IS-IS OSI IS-IS for TCP/IP Dual Environments Elective 1195 IP-CMPRS Compressing TCP/IP Headers Elective 1144	BGP-MIB	Border Gateway Protocol MIB (Version 3)	Elective	
OSI-UDP OSI TS on UDP Elective 1240 STD-MIBs Reassignment of Exp MIBs to Std MIBs Elective 1239 IPX-IP Tunneling IPX Traffic through IP Nets Elective 1234 GINT-MIB Extensions to the Generic-Interface MIB Elective 1229 IS-IS OSI IS-IS for TCP/IP Dual Environments Elective 1195 IP-CMPRS Compressing TCP/IP Headers Elective 1144	ICMP-ROUT	ICMP Router Discovery Messages	Elective	1256
STD-MIBs Reassignment of Exp MIBs to Std MIBs Elective 1239 IPX-IP Tunneling IPX Traffic through IP Nets Elective 1234 GINT-MIB Extensions to the Generic-Interface MIB Elective 1229 IS-IS OSI IS-IS for TCP/IP Dual Environments Elective 1195 IP-CMPRS Compressing TCP/IP Headers Elective 1144	IPSO	DoD Security Options for IP	Elective	
IPX-IP Tunneling IPX Traffic through IP Nets Elective 1234 GINT-MIB Extensions to the Generic-Interface MIB Elective 1229 IS-IS OSI IS-IS for TCP/IP Dual Environments Elective 1195 IP-CMPRS Compressing TCP/IP Headers Elective 1144	OSI-UDP	OSI TS on UDP	Elective	
GINT-MIB Extensions to the Generic-Interface MIB Elective 1229 IS-IS OSI IS-IS for TCP/IP Dual Environments Elective 1195 IP-CMPRS Compressing TCP/IP Headers Elective 1144	STD-MIBs	5	Elective	1239
IS-IS OSI IS-IS for TCP/IP Dual Environments Elective 1195 IP-CMPRS Compressing TCP/IP Headers Elective 1144	IPX-IP		Elective	1234
IP-CMPRS Compressing TCP/IP Headers Elective 1144	GINT-MIB			
	IS-IS	OSI IS-IS for TCP/IP Dual Environments		
NNTP Network News Transfer Protocol Elective 977	IP-CMPRS			
	NNTP	Network News Transfer Protocol	Elective	977

[Note: an asterisk at the end of a line indicates a change from the previous edition of this document.]

[Note: Ele/Req indicates elective for use with IPv4 and required for use with IPv6.]

Applicability Statements:

OSPF - RFC 1370 is an applicability statement for OSPF.

6.6. Telnet Options

For convenience, all the Telnet Options are collected here with both their state and status.

Protocol	Name Nur	mber	State	Status	RFC	STD
======	=======================================	====	=====	=====		===
TOPT-BIN	Binary Transmission	0	Std	Rec	856	27
TOPT-ECHO	Echo	1	Std	Rec	857	28
TOPT-RECN	Reconnection	2	Prop	Ele		
TOPT-SUPP	Suppress Go Ahead	3	Std	Rec	858	29
TOPT-APRX	Approx Message Size Negotiation	4	Prop	Ele		
TOPT-STAT	Status	5	Std	Rec	859	30
TOPT-TIM	Timing Mark	6	Std	Rec	860	31
TOPT-REM	Remote Controlled Trans and Echo	7	Prop	Ele	726	
TOPT-OLW	Output Line Width	8	Prop	Ele		
TOPT-OPS	Output Page Size	9	Prop	Ele		
TOPT-OCRD	Output Carriage-Return Disposition	n 10	Prop	Ele	652	
TOPT-OHT	Output Horizontal Tabstops	11	Prop	Ele	653	
TOPT-OHTD	Output Horizontal Tab Disposition	12	Prop	Ele	654	
TOPT-OFD	Output Formfeed Disposition	13	Prop	Ele	655	
TOPT-OVT	Output Vertical Tabstops	14	Prop	Ele	656	
TOPT-OVTD	Output Vertical Tab Disposition	15	Prop	Ele	657	
TOPT-OLD	Output Linefeed Disposition	16	Prop	Ele	658	
TOPT-EXT	Extended ASCII	17	Prop	Ele	698	
TOPT-LOGO	Logout	18	Prop	Ele	727	
TOPT-BYTE	Byte Macro	19	Prop	Ele	735	
TOPT-DATA	Data Entry Terminal	20	Prop	Ele	1043	
TOPT-SUP	SUPDUP	21	Prop	Ele	736	
TOPT-SUPO	SUPDUP Output	22	Prop	Ele	749	
TOPT-SNDL	Send Location	23	Prop	Ele	779	
TOPT-TERM	Terminal Type	24	Prop	Ele	1091	
TOPT-EOR	End of Record	25	Prop	Ele	885	
TOPT-TACACS	S TACACS User Identification	26	Prop	Ele	927	
TOPT-OM	Output Marking	27	Prop	Ele	933	
TOPT-TLN	Terminal Location Number	28	Prop	Ele	946	
TOPT-3270	Telnet 3270 Regime	29	Prop	Ele	1041	
TOPT-X.3	X.3 PAD	30	Prop	Ele	1053	
TOPT-NAWS	Negotiate About Window Size	31	Prop	Ele	1073	
TOPT-TS	Terminal Speed	32	Prop	Ele	1079	
TOPT-RFC	Remote Flow Control	33	Prop	Ele	1372	
TOPT-LINE	Linemode	34	Draft	Ele	1184	
TOPT-XDL	X Display Location	35	Prop	Ele	1096	
TOPT-ENVIR	Telnet Environment Option	36	Hist	Not	1408	
TOPT-AUTH	Telnet Authentication Option	37	Exp	Ele	1416	
TOPT-ENVIR	Telnet Environment Option	39	Prop	Ele	1572	
TOPT-EXTOP	Extended-Options-List	255	Std	Rec	861	32

[Note: an asterisk at the end of a line indicates a change from the previous edition of this document.]

6.7. Experimental Protocols

All Experimental protocols have the Limited Use status.

Protocol	Name	RFC
=======	Walter Brooking for Tuberrat Main	1011+
MIME-VP SNMPV2SM	Voice Profile for Internet Mail User-based Security Model for SNMPv2	1911* 1910*
	SNMPv2 Administrative Infrastructure	1910"
SNMPV2AI SNMPV2CB	Introduction to Community-based SNMPv2	1909*
5NMP V Z C B	IPv6 Testing Address Allocation	1897*
DNS-LOC	Location Information in the DNS	1876*
SGML-MT	SGML Media Types	1874*
CONT-MT	Access Type Content-ID	1873*
RELAT-MT	Multipart/Related	1872*
UNARP	ARP Extension - UNARP	1868
	Form-based File Upload in HTML	1867
	BGP/IDRP Route Server Alternative	1863
	IP Authentication using Keyed SHA	1852
ESP3DES	ESP Triple DES Transform	1851
	SMTP 521 Reply Code	1846
	SMTP Serv. Ext. for Checkpoint/Restart	1845
	X.500 Mapping X.400 and RFC 822 Addresses	1838
	Tables and Subtrees in the X.500 Directory	1837
	O/R Address hierarchy in X.500	1836
	SMTP Serv. Ext. Large and Binary MIME Msgs.	1830
ST2	Stream Protocol Version 2	1819
	Content-Disposition Header	1806
	Schema Publishing in X.500 Directory	1804
	X.400-MHS use X.500 to support X.400-MHS Routing	1801
	Class A Subnet Experiment	1797
TCP/IPXMIB	TCP/IPX Connection Mib Specification	1792
	TCP And UDP Over IPX Networks With Fixed Path MTU	1791
ICMP-DM	ICMP Domain Name Messages	1788
CLNP-MULT	Host Group Extensions for CLNP Multicasting	1768
OSPF-OVFL	OSPF Database Overflow	1765
RWP	Remote Write ProtocolL - Version 1.0	1756
NARP	NBMA Address Resolution Protocol	1735
DNS-DEBUG	Tools for DNS debugging	1713
	DNS Encoding of Geographical Location	1712
TCP-POS	An Extension to TCP: Partial Order Service	1693
	DNS to Distribute RFC1327 Mail Address Mapping Tables	1664
T/TCP	TCP Extensions for Transactions	1644
UTF-7	A Mail-Safe Transformation Format of Unicode	1642
MIME-UNI	Using Unicode with MIME	1641

		1.00
FOOBAR	FTP Operation Over Big Address Records	1639
	Charting Networks in the X.500 Directory	1609
X500-DIR	Representing IP Information in the X.500 Directory	1608
SNMP-DPI	SNMP Distributed Protocol Interface	1592
CLNP-TUBA	Use of ISO CLNP in TUBA Environments	1561
REM-PRINT	TPC.INT Subdomain Remote Printing - Technical	1528
EHF-MAIL	Encoding Header Field for Internet Messages	1505
REM-PRT	An Experiment in Remote Printing	1486
RAP	Internet Route Access Protocol	1476
TP/IX	TP/IX: The Next Internet	1475
X400	Routing Coordination for X.400 Services	1465
DNS	Storing Arbitrary Attributes in DNS	1464
IRCP	Internet Relay Chat Protocol	1459
TOS-LS	Link Security TOS	1455
SIFT/UFT	Sender-Initiated/Unsolicited File Transfer	1440
DIR-ARP	Directed ARP	1433
TEL-SPX	Telnet Authentication: SPX	1412
TEL-KER	Telnet Authentication: Kerberos V4	1411
MAP-MAIL	X.400 Mapping and Mail-11	1405
TRACE-IP	Traceroute Using an IP Option	1393
DNS-IP	Experiment in DNS Based IP Routing	1383
RMCP	Remote Mail Checking Protocol	1339
TCP-HIPER	TCP Extensions for High Performance	1323
MSP2	Message Send Protocol 2	1312
DSLCP	Dynamically Switched Link Control	1307
	X.500 and Domains	1279
IN-ENCAP	Internet Encapsulation Protocol	1241
CLNS-MIB	CLNS-MIB	1238
CFDP	Coherent File Distribution Protocol	1235
SNMP-DPI	SNMP Distributed Program Interface	1228
IP-AX.25	IP Encapsulation of AX.25 Frames	1226
ALERTS	Managing Asynchronously Generated Alerts	1224
MPP	Message Posting Protocol	1204
SNMP-BULK	Bulk Table Retrieval with the SNMP	1187
DNS-RR	New DNS RR Definitions	1183
IMAP2	Interactive Mail Access Protocol	1176
NTP-OSI	NTP over OSI Remote Operations	1165
DMF-MAIL	Digest Message Format for Mail	1153
RDP	Reliable Data Protocol	908,1151
TCP-ACO	TCP Alternate Checksum Option	1146
IP-DVMRP	IP Distance Vector Multicast Routing	1075
VMTP	Versatile Message Transaction Protocol	1045
	Authentication Scheme	1004
NETBLT	Bulk Data Transfer Protocol	998
IRTP	Internet Reliable Transaction Protocol	938
LDP	Loader Debugger Protocol	909
RLP	Resource Location Protocol	887
NVP-II	Network Voice Protocol	ISI-memo
	1.5552.11 V0100 11000001	

PVP Packet Video Protocol

ISI-memo

[Note: an asterisk at the end of a line indicates a change from the previous edition of this document.]

Internet Architecture Board Standards Track

[Page 31]

6.8. Informational Protocols

Information protocols have no status.

Protocol	Name	RFC
CYBERCASH	CyberCash Credit Card Protocol Version 0.8	===== 1898*
	text/enriched MIME Content-type	1896*
	Application/CALS-1840 Content-type	1895*
	PPP IPCP Extensions for Name Server Addresses	1877*
SNPP	Simple Network Paging Protocol - Version 2	1861
	ISO Transport Class 2 Non-use Explicit Flow Control	1859
	over TCP RFC1006 extension	1000
	IP in IP Tunneling	1853
	PPP Network Control Protocol for LAN Extension	1841
TESS	The Exponential Security System	1824
NFSV3	NFS Version 3 Protocol Specification	1813
	A Format for Bibliographic Records	1807
SDMD	IPv4 Option for Sender Directed MD Delivery	1770
SNTP	Simple Network Time Protocol	1769
SNOOP	Snoop Version 2 Packet Capture File Format	1761
BINHEX	MIME Content Type for BinHex Encoded Files	1741
RWHOIS	Referral Whois Protocol	1714
DNS-NSAP	DNS NSAP Resource Records	1706
RADIO-PAGE	TPC.INT Subdomain: Radio Paging Technical Procedures	1703
GRE-IPv4	Generic Routing Encapsulation over IPv4	1702
GRE	Generic Routing Encapsulatio	1701
IPXWAN	Novell IPX Over Various WAN Media	1634
ADSNA-IP	Advanced SNA/IP: A Simple SNA Transport Protocol	1538
AUBR	Appletalk Update-Based Routing Protocol	1504
TACACS	Terminal Access Control Protocol	1492
SUN-NFS	Network File System Protocol	1094
SUN-RPC	Remote Procedure Call Protocol Version 2	1057
GOPHER	The Internet Gopher Protocol	1436
	Data Link Switching: Switch-to-Switch Protocol	1434
LISTSERV	Listserv Distribute Protocol	1429
	Replication Requirements	1275
PCMAIL	Pcmail Transport Protocol	1056
MTP	Multicast Transport Protocol	1301
BSD Login	BSD Login	1282
DIXIE	DIXIE Protocol Specification	1249
IP-X.121	IP to X.121 Address Mapping for DDN	1236
OSI-HYPER	OSI and LLC1 on HYPERchannel	1223
HAP2	Host Access Protocol	1221
SUBNETASGN	On the Assignment of Subnet Numbers	1219
SNMP-TRAPS	Defining Traps for use with SNMP	1215
DAS	Directory Assistance Service	1202
MD4	MD4 Message Digest Algorithm	1186

LPDP Line Printer Daemon Protocol

1179

[Note: an asterisk at the end of a line indicates a change from the previous edition of this document.]

6.9. Historic Protocols

All Historic protocols have Not Recommended status.

Protocol	Name			RFC	STI)
======				=====	===	z.
		_				
SNMPv2	Manager-to-Manager MIB	Elect		1451		*
SNMPv2	Party MIB for SNMPv2	Elect		1447		*
SNMPv2	Security Protocols for SNMPv2	Elect		1446		*
SNMPv2	Administrative Model for SNMPv2	Elect	ive	1445		*
RIP	Routing Information Protocol	Ele		1058	34	*
	Mapping full 822 to Restricted 822			1137		
BGP3	Border Gateway Protocol 3 (BGP-3)		1267	,1268		
	Gateway Requirements	Req		1009	4	
EGP	Exterior Gateway Protocol	Rec		904	18	
SNMP-MUX	SNMP MUX Protocol and MIB			1227		
OIM-MIB-II	OSI Internet Management: MIB-II			1214		
IMAP3	Interactive Mail Access Protocol Version	3		1203		
SUN-RPC	Remote Procedure Call Protocol Version 1			1050		
802.4-MIP	IEEE 802.4 Token Bus MIB			1230		
CMOT	Common Management Information Services			1189		
	Mail Privacy: Procedures			1113		
	Mail Privacy: Key Management			1114		
	Mail Privacy: Algorithms			1115		
NFILE	A File Access Protocol			1037		
HOSTNAME	HOSTNAME Protocol			953		
SFTP	Simple File Transfer Protocol			913		
SUPDUP	SUPDUP Protocol			734		
BGP	Border Gateway Protocol		1163	,1164		
MIB-I	MIB-I			1156		
SGMP	Simple Gateway Monitoring Protocol			1028		
HEMS	High Level Entity Management Protocol			1021		
STATSRV	Statistics Server			996		
POP2	Post Office Protocol, Version 2			937		
RATP	Reliable Asynchronous Transfer Protocol			916		
HFEP	Host - Front End Protocol			929		
THINWIRE	Thinwire Protocol			914		
HMP	Host Monitoring Protocol			869		
GGP	Gateway Gateway Protocol			823		
RTELNET	Remote Telnet Service			818		
CLOCK	DCNET Time Server Protocol			778		
MPM	Internet Message Protocol			759		
• •						

Internet Architecture Board Standards Track

[Page 33]

NETRJS	Remote Job Service	740
NETED	Network Standard Text Editor	569
RJE	Remote Job Entry	407
XNET	Cross Net Debugger	IEN-158
NAMESERVER	Host Name Server Protocol	IEN-116
MUX	Multiplexing Protocol	IEN-90
GRAPHICS	Graphics Protocol	NIC-24308

[Note: an asterisk at the end of a line indicates a change from the previous edition of this document.]

6.10. Obsolete Protocols

Some of the protocols listed in this memo are described in RFCs that are obsoleted by newer RFCs. "Obsolete" or "obsoleted" is not an official state or status of protocols. This subsection is for information only.

While it may seem to be obviously wrong to have an obsoleted RFC in the list of standards, there may be cases when an older standard is in the process of being replaced. This process may take a year or two.

Many obsoleted protocols are of little interest and are dropped from this memo altogether. Some obsoleted protocols have received enough recognition that it seems appropriate to list them under their current status and with the following reference to their current replacement.

RFC		RFC	Status	Title	*
====		====	=======	=======================================	=
1305	obsoletes	1119	Stan/Rec	Network Time Protocol version 2	
1390	obsoletes	1188	Draf/Elec	Transmission of IP and ARP over FDD1	[*
1533	obsoletes	1497	Draf/Rec	BOOTP Vendor Information Extensions	
1542	obsoletes	1532	Prop/Elec	Extensions for Bootstrap Protocol	*
1573	obsoletes	1229	Prop/Elec	Ext. to the Generic-Interface MIB	
1773	obsoletes	1656	Prop/Elec	BGP-4 Protocol Document	*
1902	obsoletes	1442	Prop/Elec	SMI for SNMPv2	*
1903	obsoletes	1443	Prop/Elec	Textual Conventions for SNMPv2	*
1904	obsoletes	1444	Prop/Elec	Conformance Statements for SNMPv2	*
1905	obsoletes	1448	Prop/Elec	Protocol Operations for SNMPv2	*
1906	obsoletes	1449	Prop/Elec	Transport Mappings for SNMPv2	*
1907	obsoletes	1450	Prop/Elec	MIB for SNMPv2	*
1908	obsoletes	1452	Prop/Elec	Coexistence between SNMPv1 & SNMPv2	*
1320	obsoletes	1186	Info/	The MD4 Message Digest Algorithm	
1529	obsoletes	1486	Expe/Limi	An Experiment in Remote Printing	*
1592	obsoletes	1228	Expe/Limi	SNMP Distributed Protocol Interface	*
1057	obsoletes	1050	Hist/Not	RPC: Remote Procedure Call Protocol	
1158	obsoletes	1156	Hist/Not	Management Information Base - I	*
1267	obsoletes	1163	Hist/Not	A Border Gateway Protocol (BGP)	
1268	obsoletes	1164	Hist/Not	Border Gateway Protocol 3 (BGP-3)	
1421	obsoletes	1113	Hist/Not	PEM - Part I	
1422	obsoletes	1114	Hist/Not	PEM - Part II	
1423	obsoletes	1115	Hist/Not	PEM - Part III	
1655	obsoletes	1268	Hist/Not	Application of the BGP	*
1716	obsoletes	1009	Hist/Not	Towards Requirements for IP Routers	*

Thanks to Lynn Wheeler for compiling the information in this subsection.

[Note: an asterisk at the end of a line indicates a change from the previous edition of this document.]

7. Contacts

- 7.1. IAB, IETF, and IRTF Contacts
 - 7.1.1. Internet Architecture Board (IAB) Contact

Please send your comments about this list of protocols and especially about the Draft Standard Protocols to the Internet Architecture Board care of Abel Winerib, IAB Executive Director.

Contacts:

Abel Winerib Executive Director of the IAB Intel, JF2-64 2111 NE 25th Avenue Hillsboro, OR 97124

1-503-696-8972

AWeinrib@ibeam.jf.intel.com

Brian E. Carpenter Chair of the IAB CERN European Laboratory for Particle Physics 1211 Geneva 23 Switzerland

+41 22 767-4967

brian@dxcoms.cern.ch

7.1.2. Internet Engineering Task Force (IETF) Contact

Contacts:

Fred Baker Chair of the IETF cisco Systems, Inc. 519 Lado Drive Santa Barbara, CA 93111

1-805-681-0115

fred@cisco.com

Internet Architecture Board Standards Track

[Page 36]

Steve Coya IESG Secretary Corporation for National Research Initiatives 1895 Preston White Drive, Suite 100 Reston, VA 22091

1-703-620-8990

scoya@CNRI.RESTON.VA.US

Steve Coya Executive Director of the IETF Corporation for National Research Initiatives 1895 Preston White Drive, Suite 100 Reston, VA 22091

1-703-620-8990

scoya@CNRI.RESTON.VA.US

7.1.3. Internet Research Task Force (IRTF) Contact

Contact:

Abel Winerib Chair of the IRTF Intel, JF2-64 2111 NE 25th Avenue Hillsboro, OR 97124

1-503-696-8972

AWeinrib@ibeam.jf.intel.com

7.2. Internet Assigned Numbers Authority Contact

Contact:

Joyce K. Reynolds Internet Assigned Numbers Authority USC/Information Sciences Institute 4676 Admiralty Way Marina del Rey, CA 90292-6695

1-310-822-1511

IANA@ISI.EDU

The protocol standards are managed by the Internet Assigned Numbers Authority.

Please refer to the document "Assigned Numbers" (RFC-1700) for further information about the status of protocol documents. There are two documents that summarize the requirements for host and gateways in the Internet, "Host Requirements" (RFC-1122 and RFC-1123) and "Requirements for IP Version 4 Routers" (RFC-1812).

How to obtain the most recent edition of this "Internet Official Protocol Standards" memo:

The file "in-notes/std/std1.txt" may be copied via FTP from the FTP.ISI.EDU computer using the FTP username "anonymous" and FTP password "guest".

7.3. Request for Comments Editor Contact

Contact:

Jon Postel RFC Editor USC/Information Sciences Institute 4676 Admiralty Way Marina del Rey, CA 90292-6695

1-310-822-1511

RFC-Editor@ISI.EDU

Documents may be submitted via electronic mail to the RFC Editor for consideration for publication as RFC. If you are not familiar with the format or style requirements please request the "Instructions for RFC Authors". In general, the style of any recent RFC may be used as a guide.

7.4. The Network Information Center and Requests for Comments Distribution Contact

RFC's may be obtained from DS.INTERNIC.NET via FTP, WAIS, and electronic mail. Through FTP, RFC's are stored as rfc/rfcnnnn.txt or rfc/rfcnnnn.ps where 'nnnn' is the RFC number. Login as "anonymous" and provide your e-mail address as the password. Through WAIS, you may use either your local WAIS client or telnet to DS.INTERNIC.NET and login as "wais" (no password required) to access a WAIS client. Help information and a tutorial for using WAIS are available online. The WAIS database to search is "rfcs".

Directory and Database Services also provides a mail server interface. Send a mail message to mailserv@ds.internic.net and include any of the following commands in the message body:

document-by-name rfcnnnn where 'nnnn' is the RFC number The text version is sent.

help to get information on how to use the mailserver.

The InterNIC directory and database services collection of resource listings, internet documents such as RFCs, FYIs, STDs, and Internet Drafts, and publicly accessible databases are also

now available via Gopher. All our collections are WAIS indexed and can be searched from the Gopher menu.

To access the InterNIC Gopher Servers, please connect to "internic.net" port 70.

Contact: admin@ds.internic.net

7.5. Sources for Requests for Comments

Details on many sources of RFCs via FTP or EMAIL may be obtained by sending an EMAIL message to "rfc-info@ISI.EDU" with the message body "help: ways_to_get_rfcs". For example:

To: rfc-info@ISI.EDU Subject: getting rfcs

help: ways_to_get_rfcs

8. Security Considerations

Security issues are not addressed in this memo.

9. Author's Address

Jon Postel
USC/Information Sciences Institute
4676 Admiralty Way
Marina del Rey, CA 90292

Phone: 310-822-1511 Fax: 310-823-6714

Email: Postel@ISI.EDU